

CITY OF GRAND HAVEN, MICHIGAN

and SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

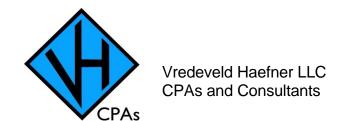


TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION	<u>PAGE</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-9
Basic Financial Statements	
Governmental-wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	11 12-13
Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to the Net Position of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position	14 15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16 17
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	18 19 20 21 22
Combining Statement of Net Position - Component Units Combining Statement of Activities - Component Units Notes to the Financial Statements	23 24 25-52
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund Defined Benefit Pension Plan	53
Schedule of Changes in Employers Net Pension Liability and Other Ratios Schedule of Employer Contributions	54 55
Retiree Health Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Changes in Employers Net OPEB Liability and Other Ratios Schedule of Investment Returns Schedule of Employer Contributions Notes to Required Supplementary Information	56 56 57 57
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	60-61 62-63
Budget and Actual - Major Streets Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	64
Budget and Actual - Local Streets Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	65
Budget and Actual - Housing Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - 2014 Capital Improvement Bonds	66 67

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - 2008 UTGO Bond	68
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - 2015 Infrastructure Bonds	69
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Lighthouse Maintenance	70
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Net Position	71
Combining Statement of Net Fosition Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Combining Statement of Cash Flows	72 73
Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position	75
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Combining Statement of Cash Flows	76 77
Agency Funds Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities	78-79
Component Units Economic Development Corporation Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance/Statement of Activities	80 81
Main Street Downtown Development Authority Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance/Statement of Activities	82 83
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance/Statement of Activities	84 85
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	87-88
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	89-90
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	91 92 93



Vredeveld Haefner LLC

CPAs and Consultants 10302 20th Avenue Grand Rapids, MI 49534 Fax (616) 828-0307 Douglas J. Vredeveld, CPA (616) 446-7474 Peter S. Haefner, CPA (616) 460-9388

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

November 11, 2019

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Grand Haven, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grand Haven, Michigan, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grand Haven, Michigan, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 9 and the required supplementary information on pages 53 through 57 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 11, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Vrodovold Haofner LLC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Grand Haven (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- Property values continue to rise in Grand Haven. The 2018 taxable value increased 3.2% from the prior tax year.
- The Harbor Drive project, between Franklin and Columbus, was completed during the fiscal year. The construction included water and sewer infrastructure, street resurfacing, and new lighting. This project was completed with the assistance of federal grant funding.
- There was a delay on the Northshore Drive project and construction is anticipated to be during the 2019-20 fiscal year.
- Repair & replacement of the Grand Haven pier catwalk was completed just after the 2018-19 fiscal year-end. A local fund drive sponsored through the Grand Haven Area Community Foundation provided the financial resources for completion of this project.
- Total General fund increased its fund balance by \$234,348.
- The Airport received Federal and State funding to rehabilitate the apron and taxi lane.
- Total Sewer fund increased its net position by \$237,213.
- Total Marina fund revenues decreased by \$10,503 from the prior fiscal year. This was due to a decrease in slip rental and decreased use of the boat launch.
- The City provides financial and administrative support for the Harbor Transit Multi-modal Transportation System, the Grand Haven-Spring Lake Sewer Authority, the Northwest Ottawa Water System and the Ottawa County Central Dispatch Authority. The City Finance Department also provides, on a contract basis, 40 hours of weekly accounting and finance services to Spring Lake Township. Beginning in 2019-20 fiscal year, the City will also provide financial administrative support to the Northwest Ottawa Recreation Authority.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Grand Haven's financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash* flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused compensated absences, accrued interest, etc.).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Grand Haven that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government administration, public safety, public works including major and local street construction and maintenance, culture and recreation, and debt service activities. The major business-type activities of the City consist primarily of Board of Light and Power, sewer, and water operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Economic Development Corporation, Main Street Downtown Development Authority, and the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund which is considered to be a major fund. Data is combined into a single aggregated presentation for the other governmental funds. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided herein for the general and special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Board of Light and Power, sewer, water, and other operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles, insurance, and health benefits. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Board of Light and Power, water and sewer activities, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Data is combined into a single aggregated presentation for the other enterprise funds. Individual fund data for each of the non-major enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* which includes this management discussion and analysis as well as major fund budgetary schedules, pension and other post-employment benefit schedules.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Grand Haven, assets exceeded liabilities by \$120,508,299 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the City's net position reflects unrestricted net position which is available for future operation while a more significant portion of net position is invested in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Summary of Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Tot	als		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		
Current and other assets	\$21,036,932	\$20,011,221	\$33,556,572	\$28,480,687	\$ 54,593,504	\$ 48,491,908		
Capital assets	59,715,233	57,981,053	55,203,152	53,421,941	114,918,385	111,402,994		
Total assets	80,752,165	77,992,274	88,759,724	81,902,628	169,511,889	159,894,902		
Deferred outflows of								
resources	7,483,307	4,065,405	2,414,284	2,414,284 1,336,661 9,897,591				
Current and other liabilities	1,528,851	1,355,590	2 477 204	1 712 064	4 006 145	3,068,654		
Long-term liabilities	43,258,023	37,701,451	11,637,013	2,477,294 1,713,064 4,006,145 11,637,013 9,093,053 54,895,036		46,794,504		
Total liabilities	44,786,874	39,057,041	14,114,307	10,806,117	58,901,181	49,863,158		
Deferred inflows of	44,700,074	39,037,041	14,114,507	10,800,117	30,901,101	49,003,130		
resources	_	1,310,493	_	429,080	-	1,739,573		
Net position		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-,		,,-		
Net investment in								
capital assets	44,390,380	41,617,698	53,716,603	52,410,634	98,106,983	94,028,332		
Restricted	8,340,455	8,388,492	-			8,388,492		
Unrestricted	(9,282,237)	(8,316,045)	23,343,098	19,593,458	14,060,861	11,277,413		
Total net position	\$43,448,598	\$41,690,145	\$77,059,701	\$72,004,092	\$120,508,299	\$113,694,237		

The total net position of the City increased by \$7,605,788. The business-type activities increase in net position of \$6,555,609 is primarily due to Board of Light and Power profitability.

Summary of Activities

	Government	al Activities	Busine: Activ	als		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenue	<u> </u>					
Program revenue						
Charges for services	\$1,874,335	\$1,897,512	\$43,408,833	\$40,977,209	\$45,283,168	\$42,874,721
Operating grants and		, , ,	. , ,			. , ,
contributions	2,521,554	2,246,057	625,511	585,598	3,147,065	2,831,655
Capital grants and		, ,	·	·		
Contributions	2,967,597	4,296,516	411,808	3,900	3,379,405	4,300,416
General revenue		, ,	,	•	, ,	
Property taxes	8,813,458	8,610,133	-	-	8,813,458	8,610,133
State revenues	1,058,212	1,018,592	-	-	1,058,212	1,018,592
Unrestricted investment						
earnings Other	573,124	233,951	-	-	573,124	233,951
Total revenues	113,338	561,924	44 446 452	44 566 707	113,338	561,924
Expenses	17,921,618	18,864,685	44,446,152	41,566,707	62,367,770	60,431,392
General government	4 636 406	4 940 096			4 626 406	4 940 096
Public safety	4,636,496 5,209,042	4,819,986 6,722,835	-	-	4,636,496 5,209,042	4,819,986 6,722,835
Public works	7,360,089	7,472,853	-	-	7,360,089	7,472,853
Culture and recreation	868,431	999,749	-	-	868,431	999,749
Interest	426,891	335,906	_	_	426,891	335,906
Board of Light & Power	420,091	333,900	30,415,828	29,851,004	30,415,828	29,851,004
Sewer	_	_	2,493,502	2,269,116	2,493,502	2,269,116
Water	_	_	2,213,001	2,195,442	2,213,001	2,195,442
Other business-type	_	_	1,138,702	1,134,842	1,138,702	1,134,842
Total expenses	18,500,949	20,351,329	36,261,033	35,450,404	54,761,982	55,801,733
Change in net position			33,201,000		0 .,. 0 .,002	
before transfers	(579,331)	(1,486,644)	8,185,119	6,116,303	7,605,788	4,629,659
Transfers	1,629,510	1,510,859	(1,629,510)	(1,510,859)	-	-
Change in net position	1,050,179	24,215	6,555,609			4,629,659
Net position-beginning of						
year, as restated	42,389,419	41,665,930	70,504,092	67,398,648	112,902,511	109,064,578
Net position-end of year	\$43,448,598	\$41,690,145	\$77,059,701	\$72,004,092	\$120,508,299	\$113,694,237

Governmental activities. During the year the City invested \$7,360,089 or 40% of governmental activities expenses in public works. Public safety was \$5,209,042 or 28% of governmental activities expenses while general government, culture and recreation, and interest on long-term debt made up the remaining 32% of governmental activities expenses. Net position of governmental activities was increased by \$708,274 at July 1, 2018 to reflect the reclassification of non-trust related funds of the retiree health care fund from a fiduciary fund to an internal service fund.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$6,555,609 for the current year. By comparison, business-type activities reported an increase in net position the previous fiscal year of \$4,605,444. GASB statement Number 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations" was implemented during 2019 which resulted in a reduction in the business-type activities net position of \$1,500,000 at July 1, 2018 to reflect the Board's asset retirement obligation.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,201,937, a decrease of \$586,239 in comparison with the prior year.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General fund was \$1,922,020 while total fund balance was \$5,139,598. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. The City Council has adopted a minimum fund balance policy in which the total fund balance of the General Fund will be equal to at least 25 percent of the previous year's expenditures. At June 30, 2019, total fund balance represents 45 percent of total prior year General fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the City's General fund increased by \$234,348 during the current fiscal year.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Board of Light and Power, sewer and water funds at the end of the year amounted to \$21,882,254, \$1,662,703 and \$137,544 respectively. The Board of Light and Power had an increase of \$6,302,934, the sewer fund had an increase of \$237,213, and the water fund had an increase of \$31,744 in net position for the year. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between original and final budgets for the General fund were the result of the following:

- Building permit revenue in the current fiscal year was \$297,487, a decrease of \$62,554 from the prior fiscal year.
- State Shared revenue was \$39,198 more than the prior fiscal year, which is a 3.9% increase.
- Tax revenue was \$210,743 more than the prior fiscal year, which is a 3.1% increase.
- Public Safety amended budget for expenditures was \$5,077,410 and resulted in actual costs of \$4,830,313 for the year.
- Public Works expenditures were \$250,652 under the amended budget for the year.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2019, amounted to \$114,918,385 (net of accumulated depreciation).

The City's capital assets (net of depreciation) are summarized as follows:

Capital Assets

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Land	\$ 8,746,444	\$ 531,603	\$ 9,278,047
Construction in progress	1,243,535	571,831	1,815,366
Structures & improvements	7,894,434	4,626,978	12,521,412
Machinery, equipment,			
vehicles & fixtures	3,328,634	181,560	3,510,194
Buildings	9,502,382	-	9,502,382
Parking facilities	4,700,837	-	4,700,837
Infrastructure	24,298,967	-	24,298,967
Production and treatment	-	2,887,630	2,887,630
Transmission and distribution	-	44,679,162	44,679,162
General plant		1,724,388	1,724,388
Total	\$59,715,233	\$55,203,152	\$114,918,385

Additional information on the City of Grand Haven's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of these financial statements.

Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding as follows:

Debt								
	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total					
Bonds payable	\$ 8,153,451	\$1,486,549	\$ 9,640,000					
Direct placements and direct borrowings	5,585,000	-	5,585,000					
Capital lease obligations	976,590	-	976,590					
Bond premiums	609,812	-	609,812					
Accrued employee benefits	858,044	397,148	1,255,192					
Total	\$16,182,897	\$1,883,697	\$18,066,594					

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of these financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

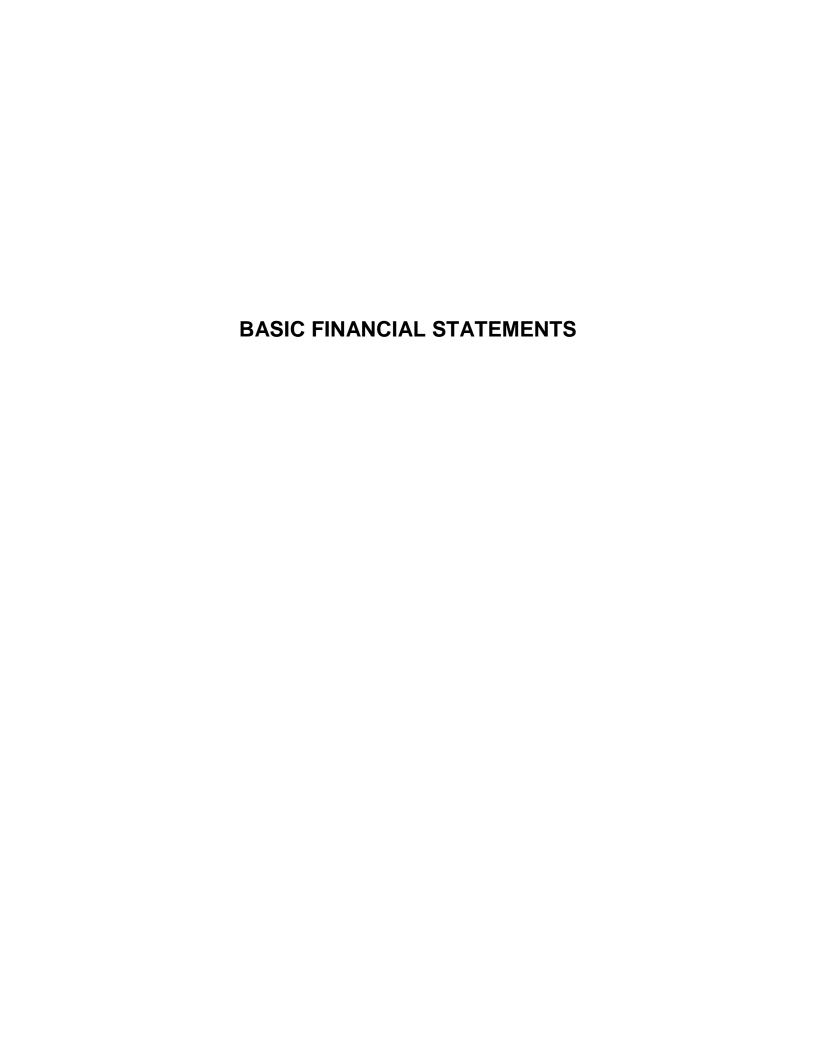
The following factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2019-20 fiscal year:

- We conservatively estimate property values to increase 2% for the next tax year.
- The contract for the Police Officers Labor Council (Patrol) and the contract for the Police Officers Labor Council (Command) will both expire effective June 30, 2020. The SEIU contract was ratified effective July 1, 2019 with a wage study outstanding which will result in further negotiations to be implemented July 1, 2020.
- Health benefit costs continue to be reviewed with our provider and third-party administrator. Each year adjustments are made to maintain the best benefit with the lowest possible cost. We forecast an average 6% increase in health care costs.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information, contact us at 519 Washington Ave, Grand Haven, MI 49417, or as noted below:

Patrick McGinnis City Manager 616 847-4888 pmcginnis@grandhaven.org Amy Bessinger Finance Director 616-847-4893 abessinger@grandhaven.org (This page left intentionally blank)



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

	Primary Government							
	G	overnmental		siness-Type			Component	
		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>	<u>Units</u>	
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	18,527,196	\$	20,044,545	\$	38,571,741	\$ 482,969	
Accounts receivable		699,434		4,785,454		5,484,888	309,750	
Due from other governments		832,357		4,625,843		5,458,200	3,284	
Taxes receivable		2,332		-		2,332	159	
Special assessments receivable		239,573		87,190		326,763	125,380	
Internal balances		562,075		(562,075)		· -	· -	
Due from component unit		23,686		-		23,686	-	
Capital lease receivable		· -		-		-	1,348,493	
Prepaid items		76,742		64,627		141,369	110	
Inventory		73,537		4,510,988		4,584,525	-	
Capital assets								
Land		8,746,444		531,603		9,278,047	-	
Construction in progress		1,243,535		571,831		1,815,366	=	
Depreciable capital assets, net		49,725,254		54,099,718		103,824,972	-	
p		,	-	- 1,000,100		,		
Total assets		80,752,165		88,759,724	_	169,511,889	2,270,145	
Deferred outflows of resources								
Pension related		6,703,266		2,154,356		8,857,622	56,421	
Other post-employment benefits related				259,928		874,787	30,421	
		614,859		259,928		,	217 202	
Deferred charge on refunding		165,182		<u> </u>		165,182	217,392	
Total deferred outflows of resources		7,483,307		2,414,284		9,897,591	273,813	
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		1,085,441		2,128,361		3,213,802	105,543	
Accrued liabilities		328,313		334,068		662,381	723	
Due to other governments		1,531		-		1,531	-	
Due to primary government		-		_			23,686	
Accrued interest payable		113,566		14,865		128,431	72,627	
Noncurrent liabilities		,		,		,	,	
Accrued compensated absences		858,044		397,148		1,255,192	_	
Asset retirement obligation		-		1,500,000		1,500,000	_	
Other post-employment benefits obligation		3,890,201		1,452,271		5,342,472	_	
Net pension liability		23,184,925		6,801,045		29,985,970	195,147	
Bond premium				0,001,043			599,225	
Due within one year		609,812		104 775		609,812 1,127,483	1,874,853	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,002,708		124,775			' '	
Due in more than one year		13,712,333		1,361,774		15,074,107	10,056,150	
Total liabilities		44,786,874		14,114,307		58,901,181	12,927,954	
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets		44,390,380		53,716,603		98,106,983	-	
Restricted for		11,000,000		00,7 10,000		00,100,000		
Debt service		1,599,084				1,599,084		
Streets		530,147		-		530,147	-	
		4,251,475		-		4,251,475	-	
Capital projects		4,231,473		-		4,231,473	-	
Permanent trust		4.050.740				1 050 740		
Cemetery - nonexpendable portion		1,959,749		-		1,959,749	(40,000,000)	
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(9,282,237)		23,343,098	_	14,060,861	(10,383,996)	
Total net position	\$	43,448,598	\$	77,059,701	\$	120,508,299	\$ (10,383,996)	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Program Revenues							
						Operating		Capital	-	
				Charges	(Grants and	G	Frants and	Ne	et (Expense)
Functions/Programs		<u>Expenses</u>	<u>f</u>	<u>or Services</u>	<u>Cc</u>	ontributions	Co	ntributions		<u>Revenue</u>
Primary government										
Governmental activities										
General government	\$	4,636,496	\$	242,207	\$	666,067	\$	2,910,214	\$	(818,008)
Public safety		5,209,042		228,321		5,242		-		(4,975,479)
Public works		7,360,089		981,933		1,850,245		16,150		(4,511,761)
Culture and recreation		868,431		421,874		-		41,233		(405,324)
Interest on long-term debt	_	426,891	_		_		_		_	(426,891)
Total governmental activities	_	18,500,949	_	1,874,335	_	2,521,554	_	2,967,597	_	(11,137,463)
Business-type activities										
Board of Light and Power		30,415,828		38,334,758		288,189		-		8,207,119
Sewer		2,493,502		2,411,818		170,609		-		88,925
Water		2,213,001		2,074,236		44,122		-		(94,643)
Other business-type activities	_	1,138,702	_	588,021	_	122,591	_	411,808	_	(16,282)
Total business-type activities	_	36,261,033		43,408,833		625,511		411,808		8,185,119
Total primary government	\$	54,761,982	\$	45,283,168	\$	3,147,065	\$	3,379,405	\$	(2,952,344)
Component Units										
Economic Development Corporation	\$	30,253	\$	-	\$	20,555	\$	-	\$	(9,698)
Main Street Downtown Development Authority		477,970		-		22,137		56,830		(399,003)
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	_	275,081	_		_	1,008,126		27,160		760,205
Total component units	\$	783,304	\$		\$	1,050,818	\$	83,990	\$	351,504

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Pr	Primary Government										
	Governmental	Governmental Business-type										
	<u>Activities</u>	Activities	<u>Total</u>	<u>Units</u>								
Changes in net position												
Net (expense) revenue	\$ (11,137,463)	\$ 8,185,119	\$ (2,952,344)	\$ 351,504								
General revenues												
Property taxes	8,813,458	-	8,813,458	1,168,803								
State shared revenues	1,058,212	-	1,058,212	-								
Unrestricted investment earnings	573,124	-	573,124	47,008								
Other general revenues	113,338	-	113,338	71,977								
Transfers - internal activities	1,629,510	(1,629,510)										
Total general revenues and transfers	12,187,642	(1,629,510)	10,558,132	1,287,788								
Change in net position	1,050,179	6,555,609	7,605,788	1,639,292								
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	42,398,419	70,504,092	112,902,511	(12,023,288								
let position, end of year	\$ 43,448,598	\$ 77,059,701	\$ 120,508,299	\$ (10,383,996								
				(Concluded								

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2019

Assets		<u>General</u>		Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
	Φ.	4 004 405	Φ	0.700.455	Φ	4.4.400.000
Cash and pooled investments	\$	4,661,165	\$	9,739,455	Ъ	14,400,620
Accounts receivable		261,572		437,157		698,729
Due from other governments		203,647		624,624		828,271
Taxes receivable		2,332				2,332
Special assessments receivable		227,994		11,579		239,573
Due from other funds		311,823		623,669		935,492
Due from component unit		23,686		-		23,686
Prepaid items		16,539		22,464		39,003
Inventory		21,942	_			21,942
Total assets	\$	5,730,700	\$	11,458,948	\$	17,189,648
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances						
Liabilities	•	455.007	•	004 577	•	4 057 004
Accounts payable	\$	155,627	\$	901,577	\$	1,057,204
Accrued liabilities		140,033		20,633		160,666
Due to other governments		1,531		-		1,531
Due to other funds		29,188		383,508	_	412,696
Total liabilities	-	326,379	_	1,305,718		1,632,097
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenue	_	264,723	_	90,891	_	355,614
Fund balances						
Non-spendable						
Prepaid items		16,539		22,464		39,003
Permanent fund corpus		-		1,959,749		1,959,749
Inventory		21,942		-		21,942
Restricted						
Streets		-		527,557		527,557
Public works		-		1,915,190		1,915,190
Debt service funds		_		1,599,084		1,599,084
Committed						
Capital projects		_		4,232,760		4,232,760
Budget stabilization		2,612,813		· · · -		2,612,813
Assigned		,- ,				,- ,
Future years expenditures		566,284		-		566,284
Unassigned	_	1,922,020		(194,465)		1,727,555
Total fund balances	_	5,139,598		10,062,339		15,201,937
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and						
fund balances	\$	5,730,700	\$	11,458,948	\$	17,189,648

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCE ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 15,201,937
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Add - land Add - construction in progress	8,746,444 1,243,535
Add - capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	47,144,008
Certain assets are not due and receivable in the current period and therefore are offset with unavailable revenue in the funds.	
Add - long-term deferred receivables	355,614
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of centralized services, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities.	
Add - net position of governmental activities accounted for in the internal service funds	6,210,828
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Deduct - compensated absences payable Deduct - other post-employment benefits	(851,126) (3,792,991)
Deduct - long-term debt	(14,715,041)
Deduct - bond premium	(609,812)
Deduct - net pension liability	(22,698,483)
Add - deferred charge on refunding Add - deferred inflows and outflows related to pension	165,182 6,562,625
Add - deferred inflows and outflows related to OPEB	599,444
Deduct - accrued interest on long-term debt	 (113,566)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 43,448,598

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Barrana		<u>General</u>		Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
Revenues Taxes	\$	7 126 022	Ф	1 676 506	Ф	0 012 220
Intergovernmental revenues	Ф	7,136,832	ф	1,676,506	ф	8,813,338
Federal		387		1,235,830		1,236,217
State		1,063,454		1,560,925		2,624,379
Local		16,928		1,937,459		1,954,387
Special assessments		11,498		37,269		48,767
Licenses and permits		639,692		37,209		639,692
Charges for services		1,692,787		458		1,693,245
Fines		92,443		430		92,443
Investment earnings		325,361		247,763		573,124
Miscellaneous		111,273		51,843		163,116
Miscellatieous	_	111,273	_	31,043	_	103,110
Total revenues		11,090,655	_	6,748,053	_	17,838,708
Expenditures Current						
General government		2,876,473		680,660		3,557,133
Public safety		4,830,313		-		4,830,313
Public works		3,107,473		3,387,596		6,495,069
Culture and recreation		792,712		88,668		881,380
Debt service		102,112		00,000		001,000
Principal		14,523		942,612		957,135
Interest		12,580		466,505		479,085
Capital outlay		12,000		2,854,342		2,854,342
oup national states	_		_		_	
Total expenditures	_	11,634,074	_	8,420,383	_	20,054,457
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_	(543,419)	_	(1,672,330)	_	(2,215,749)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		2,216,384		6,237,035		8,453,419
Transfers out		(1,438,617)	_	(5,385,292)	_	(6,823,909)
Total other financing sources (uses)		777,767	_	851,743		1,629,510
Net changes in fund balances		234,348		(820,587)		(586,239)
Fund balances, beginning of year	_	4,905,250	_	10,882,926		15,788,176
Fund balances, end of year	\$	5,139,598	\$	10,062,339	\$	15,201,937

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(586,239)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Add - capital outlay Deduct - net book value of disposed assets Deduct - depreciation expense		4,867,013 (68,224) (3,061,474)
Certain receivables are long-term in nature and are collectable over several years. However only the current year's receipts are reflected as revenues on the fund statements.		
Add - increase in unavailable revenues		82,910
Bond or note proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond or note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Add - principal payments on debt Deduct - amortization of deferred bond refunding costs Add - bond premium amortization		957,135 (35,055) 81,367
Some expenses and changes in deferred items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Add - decrease in accrued employee benefits Deduct - increase in net pension liability Add - increase in deferred outflows Add - decrease in deferred inflows Deduct - increase in other post-employment benefit liability Add - decrease in accrued interest		391,833 (6,792,575) 3,384,494 1,281,484 (73,327) 5,882
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain services to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		
Add - increase in net position from the internal service funds	_	614,955
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,050,179

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

		Enternri	se Funds			Governmental Activities
	Board of Light and Power	Municipal Sewer	Municipal Water	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	- Enterprise Fund Total	Internal Service Funds
Assets		<u> </u>	' <u></u>		<u> </u>	
Current assets						
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 16,970,706	\$ 2,021,017	\$ 849,320	\$ 203,502	\$ 20,044,545	\$ 4,126,576
Accounts receivable	4,252,910	238,700	215,911	77,933	4,785,454	705
Due from other governments	4,596,423	-	-	29,420	4,625,843	
Special assessments receivable	-	87,190	-	-	87,190	
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	39,279
Prepaid items	27,647	19,666	15,604	1,710	64,627	37,739
Inventory	4,426,003	7,001	77,984		4,510,988	51,595
Total current assets	30,273,689	2,373,574	1,158,819	312,565	34,118,647	4,259,980
Noncurrent assets						
Capital assets						
Land	222,281	5,260	-	304,062	531,603	-
Construction in progress	536,242	31,839	-	3,750	571,831	-
Depreciable capital assets, net	27,249,769	8,525,671	13,662,622	4,661,656	54,099,718	2,581,246
Total noncurrent assets	28,008,292	8,562,770	13,662,622	4,969,468	55,203,152	2,581,246
Total assets	58,281,981	10,936,344	14,821,441	5,282,033	89,321,799	6,841,226
Deferred outflows of resources						
Pension related	1,616,611	166,535	309,146	62,064	2,154,356	140,641
Other post-employment benefits related	212,505	19,472	23,445	4,506	259,928	15,415
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,829,116	186,007	332,591	66,570	2,414,284	156,056
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	1,806,462	182,225	90,494	49,180	2,128,361	28,237
Accrued liabilities	313,613	2,772	8,197	9,486	334,068	167,647
Accrued interest payable	-	-	14,865	-	14,865	-
Due to other funds	147,988	1,415	1,224	411,448	562,075	-
Current portion of long-term debt			124,775		124,775	
Total current liabilities	2,268,063	186,412	239,555	470,114	3,164,144	195,884
Long-term liabilities						
Accrued compensated absences	365,358	14,854	13,223	3,713	397,148	6,918
Asset retirement obligation	1,500,000	-	-	-	1,500,000	
Net pension liability	4,941,117	576,005	1,069,258	214,665	6,801,045	486,442
Other post-employment benefits obligation	1,146,013	119,607	156,605	30,046	1,452,271	97,210
Bonds payable, net of current portion	_		1,361,774		1,361,774	
Total long-term liabilities	7,952,488	710,466	2,600,860	248,424	11,512,238	590,570
Total liabilities	10,220,551	896,878	2,840,415	718,538	14,676,382	786,454
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	28,008,292	8,562,770	12,176,073	4,969,468	53,716,603	2,581,246
Unrestricted	21,882,254	1,662,703	137,544	(339,403)		
Total net position	\$ 49,890,546	\$ 10,225,473	\$ 12,313,617	\$ 4,630,065	\$ 77,059,701	\$ 6,210,828

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Enterpri	.	Eundo						overnmental Activities
	Board of Light and <u>Power</u>	ı	Municipal Sewer		Municipal <u>Water</u>		Nonmajor Enterprise <u>Funds</u>		Enterprise Fund <u>Total</u>		Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues Charges for services Employer contributions	\$ 38,334,758	\$	2,411,818 <u>-</u>	\$	2,074,236	\$	586,567	\$	43,407,379	\$	5,900,524 831,256
Total operating revenue	38,334,758	_	2,411,818	_	2,074,236		586,567	_	43,407,379		6,731,780
Operating expenses Operating costs and expenses Insurance payments Distribution Customer accounts Administrative and general Depreciation	20,671,843 - 2,624,532 1,204,342 2,148,361 3,766,750		2,024,733 - - 206,992 219,850		1,622,853 - - - 244,047 255,294		769,405 - - - 10,419 358,878		25,088,834 - 2,624,532 1,204,342 2,609,819 4,600,772		5,202,421 627,395 - - 211,274 352,959
Total operating expenses	30,415,828		2,451,575		2,122,194		1,138,702		36,128,299		6,394,049
Operating income (loss)	7,918,930		(39,757)	_	(47,958)	_	(552,135)		7,279,080	_	337,731
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets Investment earnings Other Interest expense	201,219 86,970		- 132,460 38,149 (41,927)		- 26,943 17,179 (90,807)		- 405 123,640 -		361,027 265,938 (132,734)		(2,728) 91,819 188,133
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	288,189	_	128,682	_	(46,685)	_	124,045		494,231	_	277,224
Income (loss) before other items	8,207,119		88,925	_	(94,643)		(428,090)	_	7,773,311	_	614,955
Transfers and other items Contribution in aid of construction Transfers in Transfers out	- - (1,904,185)		- 431,318 (283,030)		- 299,938 (173,551)		411,808 - -		411,808 731,256 (2,360,766)	_	- - -
Total transfers and other items	(1,904,185)		148,288	_	126,387		411,808	_	(1,217,702)		<u> </u>
Changes in net position	6,302,934		237,213		31,744		(16,282)		6,555,609		614,955
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	43,587,612		9,988,260	_	12,281,873	_	4,646,347	_	70,504,092	_	5,595,873
Net position, end of year	\$ 49,890,546	\$	10,225,473	\$	12,313,617	\$	4,630,065	\$	77,059,701	\$	6,210,828

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Enterpri			Governmental Activities	
	Board of Light and Power	Municipal Sewer	Municipal Water	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Fund Total	Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities					· 	
Receipts from internal services provided	\$ -			\$ -		\$ 6,865,766
Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees	38,815,323 (8,378,921)	2,462,308 (243,834)	2,144,816 (437,713)	580,066 (143,841)	44,002,513 (9,204,309)	(223,253)
Payments to suppliers	(17,472,825)		, ,	(477,932)	(21,073,872)	
Claims paid						(3,748,828)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	12,963,577	304,754	497,708	(41,707)	13,724,332	1,118,177
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities						
Transfers in	-	431,318	299,938	-	731,256	-
Transfers out	(2,172,091)	(283,030)	(173,551)		(2,628,672)	·
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital						
financing activities	(2,172,091)	148,288	126,387		(1,897,416)	·
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Interest paid on long-term debt	-	(41,927)	(75,942)	_	(117,869)) -
Contribution in aid of construction	-	-	- (440,000)	411,808	411,808	-
Principal paid on long-term debt Acquisitions of capital assets	(5,201,287)	(463,157)	(118,322) (246,549)	(470,990)	(118,322) (6,381,983)	
, requisitions of supriar accord	(0,201,201)	(100,101)	(2.0,0.0)	(1.0,000)	(0,00.,000)	(002,002)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related	(5.004.007)	(505.004)	(440.042)	(50.400)	(0.000.000)	(252.552)
financing activities	(5,201,287)	(505,084)	(440,813)	(59,182)	(6,206,366)	(352,552)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest received	201,219	132,460	26,944	405	361,028	91,819
Net increase (decrease) in cash and pooled investments	5,791,418	80,418	210,226	(100,484)	5,981,578	857,444
Cash and pooled investments, beginning of year	11,179,288	1,940,599	639,094	303,986	14,062,967	3,269,132
Cash and pooled investments, end of year	\$ 16,970,706	\$ 2,021,017	\$ 849,320	\$ 203,502	\$ 20,044,545	\$ 4,126,576
Cook flows from anaroting activities						
Cash flows from operating activities Operating income (loss)	\$ 8,117,694	\$ (39,757)	\$ (47,958)	\$ (552,135)	\$ 7,477,844	\$ 337,731
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, (, - ,	, , , , , , , , ,	. (, ,	, , ,-	
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	0 700 750	040.050	255.004	050.070	4 000 770	050.050
Depreciation Miscellaneous revenue	3,766,750 86,970	219,850 38,149	255,294 17,179	358,878 123,640	4,600,772 265,938	352,959 188,133
Deferred outflows of resources for pension	(810,477)	(81,516)		(41,400)	(1,132,100)	
Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB	43,908	3,293	6,110	1,166	54,477	3,037
Deferred inflows of resources for pension	(337,326)	(35,577)	(46,213)	(8,647)	(427,763)	(28,932)
Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB	(1,074)	(95)	(124)	(24)	(1,317)	(77)
Change in operating assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash Accounts receivable	406,085	(9,528)	53,401	20,892	470,850	(141)
Special assessments receivable	400,003	21,869	-	20,092	21,869	(141)
Due from other funds	-		-	_		96,446
Due from other governmental units	-	-	-	(27,393)	(27,393)	
Prepaid items	2,263	(920)	(191)	898	2,050	165,784
Inventory Deposit with others	2,083,597	2,048	10,810	-	2,096,455 (1,563,266)	(29,155)
Accounts payable	(1,563,266) 724,993	69,713	(26,515)	18,890	787,081	(107,886)
Accrued liabilities	17,045	(1,175)	(1,447)	2,093	16,516	94,674
Other liabilities	(12,490)	-	-	-	(12,490)	
Due to other funds		(7,731)		(46,545)	(67,472)	
Compensated absences	(131,563)	. , ,	(9,450)	54 107 094	(150,590)	
Net pension liability Net OPEB obligation	744,286 (173,818)	133,384 2,378	494,302 4,413	107,084 842	1,479,056 (166,185)	126,488 2,193
		2,0.0	.,			
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 12,963,577	\$ 304,754	\$ 497,708	\$ (41,707)	\$ 13,724,332	\$ 1,118,177

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Assets	Retiree Health <u>Care</u>	Agency <u>Funds</u>
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 2 152 <i>1</i> 2 <i>1</i>	\$ 3,625,832
Due from other governmental units	Ψ 2, 132, 424	74,291
Due nom other governmental units		74,291
Total assets	<u>\$ 2,152,424</u>	\$ 3,700,123
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	-	323,761
Accrued liabilities	-	5,168
Due to other governmental units	-	3,970
Trust deposits	<u>-</u> _	3,367,224
Total liabilities	<u> </u>	\$ 3,700,123
Net Position Restricted for post-employment benefits	\$ 2,152,424	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Retiree Health <u>Care</u>
Additions Employer contributions	\$	
Employer contributions Net appreciation in fair value of securities	<u> </u>	62,008
Total additions		62,008
Deductions Administrative expenses		4,396
Changes in net position		57,612
Net position, beginning of year, as restated		2,094,812
Net position, end of year	\$	2,152,424

COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

Assets	Econo Develop Corpora	ment	Dov Deve	n Street vntown lopment thority	Rede	ownfield velopment uthority		<u>Total</u>
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 19	5,516	\$	114,766	\$	172,687	\$	482,969
Accounts receivable		0,700	*	122,391	•	46,659	•	309,750
Due from other governments		-		-		3,284		3,284
Taxes receivable		-		-		159		159
Special assessments receivable		-		125,380		-		125,380
Capital lease receivable		-	1	,348,493		-		1,348,493
Prepaid items				110				110
Total assets	33	6,216	1	,711,140		222,789		2,270,145
Deferred outflows of resources								
Pension related		-		56,421		-		56,421
Deferred charge on refunding				124,864		92,528		217,392
Total deferred outflows of resources				181,285		92,528		273,813
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		-		102,868		2,675		105,543
Accrued liabilities		-		723		-		723
Due to primary government		-		23,686		-		23,686
Accrued interest		-		42,799		29,828		72,627
Long-term debt Net pension liability		_		195,147		_		195,147
Bond premium		-		418,626		180,599		599,225
Due within one year		-		390,000		1,484,853		1,874,853
Due in more than one year			6	,630,000		3,426,150		10,056,150
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>	7	,803,849		5,124,105		12,927,954
Net position (deficit)								
Unrestricted	\$ 33	6,216	\$ (5	<u>,911,424</u>)	\$	(4,808,788)	\$	(10,383,996)

COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Expenses	Dev	onomic elopment poration	Main Street Downtown Development <u>Authority</u>	Brownfield Redevelopment <u>Authority</u>		<u>Total</u>
Economic Development Corp	\$	30,253	\$ -	\$ -	\$	30,253
Main Street Downtown						
Development Authority		-	477,970	<u>-</u>		477,970
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority		<u>-</u>		275,081		275,081
Total expenses		30,253	477,970	275,081		783,304
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Operating grants and contributions		20,555	22,137	1,008,126		1,050,818
Capital grants		-	56,830	27,160		83,990
General revenues			470.005	005 570		4 400 000
Property taxes Unrestricted investment earnings		- 1,902	473,225 45.056	695,578 50		1,168,803 47,008
Miscellaneous		250	59,498	12,229		71,977
Misocharicous		200	00,400	12,225		71,077
Total revenues		22,707	656,746	1,743,143		2,422,596
Change in net position		(7,546)	178,776	1,468,062		1,639,292
Net position (deficit), beginning of year		343,762	(6,090,200)	(6,276,850)	(1	12,023,288)
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$	336,216	\$ (5,911,424)	\$ (4,808,788)	\$ (1	10,383,996)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Grand Haven, Michigan (the City) was established in 1854 and incorporated in 1867 under the provisions of Act 279, P.A. 1909, as amended. The City operates under a council-manager form of government and provides services as authorized by its charter.

The accounting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies.

Reporting Entity

These financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations, so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The City has one blended component unit. Discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the City.

Blended Component Unit

The City of Grand Haven Building Authority was established on April 12, 1993 under State Law (Act 31 of 1948, as amended) to effect improvements within the City. The Building Authority is a blended component unit as its relationship with the City permeates the financial operations of the City. The Building Authority's governing body is selected by City Council and currently includes the City Manager, the City Clerk and the Finance Director. A separate report is not prepared for the Building Authority. The Building Authority paid the final debt service payment on the community center building authority bond in October 2014. The Building Authority is currently inactive but is available for future use as necessary.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The **Economic Development Corporation** (the Corporation) was created to provide means and methods for the encouragement and assistance of industrial and commercial enterprises in relocating, purchasing, constructing, improving, or expanding within the City so as to provide needed services and facilities of such enterprises to the residents of the City. The Corporation's governing body, which consists of 10 individuals, is selected by the City Council.

The **Main Street Downtown Development Authority** (MSDDA) operates to correct and prevent deterioration in the downtown district, encourage historical preservation, and to promote economic growth within the downtown district. The Authority's governing body, which consists of 10 individuals, is selected by the City Council.

Recommended in December 2004, the City Council adopted the MSDDA's Tax Increment Financing (TIF) and Development Plan which set forth guidelines for downtown public improvements. In January 2006, the City issued \$3,345,000 in Downtown TIF bonds for the first project series, being improvements to parking lots on Franklin Street between Harbor Avenue and Third Street.

In October 2009, to provide funding for reconstruction of utilities and Washington Avenue, a \$5,600,000 Capital Improvement (Recovery Zone Economic Development Bond) was issued with a Standard and Poor's "AA" rating at 5.6%. The effective municipal interest cost of the bond was 3.12%. The Federal Government will pay 45% of the annual interest costs over the life of the bond. Funds for debt service will be drawn from the MSDDA taxation, streets, water and sewer funds as needed. The 2013 Federal Sequester has reduced the Federal portion of interest beginning in the Fall of 2013 and ended in 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The **Brownfield Redevelopment Authority** (the Brownfield) was created to account for the redevelopment of environmentally contaminated and other underutilized sites within the City. The Brownfield's governing body, which consists of 10 individuals, is selected by the City Council.

The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority assisted razing the Grand Haven Brass Foundry and construction of the Grand Haven Boat Storage facility in fiscal year 2005-06. Public infrastructure reconstruction costs were paid by a \$710,000 Brownfield Tax Increment Financing Bond issued March 31, 2005. Payments of principal and interest on the bond from tax revenue began in October 2005 and continued to October 2017.

In 2006, the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority assisted with the sale of City-owned property to Grand Landing, LLC, on the City's north end. Public infrastructure reconstruction was supported by a \$15,095,000 Brownfield Tax Increment Financing Bond issued October 10, 2006. Payments of principal and interest on the bond from tax revenue began in May 2007 and continue to November 2021. The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority created three internal funds to account for project and debt service costs including a special revenue fund to account for tax and interest revenue, a debt service fund to account for principal and interest payments and a capital projects fund to account for construction costs. In the summer of 2012, the property was sold to Redstar Development, LLC after the bankruptcy of Grand Landing, LLC. The City completed its public infrastructure improvements. No or very limited future public investment on the property is anticipated.

The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority maintains a single sub-fund to consider future Brownfield projects within the City. This fund receives transfers from the Economic Development Corporation (EDC) to cover its costs. As new projects are considered, the EDC may be reimbursed for costs leading up to new projects, however, no guarantee of reimbursement is noted. If no project is forthcoming from certain costs, the EDC is not anticipated to be reimbursed.

Condensed financial statements for each of the discretely presented component units are included in the government-wide financial statements. Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices at 519 Washington, Grand Haven, MI 49417.

Joint Ventures

The City participates in the following activities, which are considered to be joint ventures in relation to the City due to the formation of an organization by contractual agreement between two or more participants that maintain joint control, financial interest, and fiscal responsibility.

The City is a member of the Grand Haven – Spring Lake Sewer Authority (the Authority). The City can appoint two members to the joint venture's governing board, which then approves the annual budget. In the current year, the City incurred expenses totaling \$1,437,317 to the Authority. The purpose of the Grand Haven-Spring Lake Sewer Authority is to acquire, own, improve, enlarge, extend, and operate a sewage disposal system. The Authority is governed by a Board of Trustees containing six members. The participating communities (Cities of Grand Haven and Ferrysburg, Townships of Spring Lake and Grand Haven, Village of Spring Lake, and County of Ottawa) pay a set rate to the Authority to process waste. This rate includes amounts to finance the Authority's debt. The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. Complete financial statements can be obtained at Grand Haven City Hall.

The City is a member of the Harbor Transit Multi-Modal Transportation System (HTMMTS), created January 1, 2012 from Harbor Transit, formerly an enterprise fund of the City. HTMMTS provides transportation services within and for the Cities of Grand Haven and Ferrysburg, Charter Township of Grand Haven, the Village of Spring Lake and Spring Lake Township. HTMMTS is governed by a Board of Trustees containing 11 members. The HTMMTS Articles of Incorporation require the Members to have two members serving

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

on the HTMMTS Board, one being the local unit Manager. The participating communities provide local support through taxation for services provided. HTMMTS also receives revenue from Federal and State grants, farebox and other revenue sources. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City distributed tax revenues of \$325,082 to HTMMTS. Complete financial statements for the Harbor Transit Multi-Modal Transportation System can be obtained from the administrative offices at 440 North Ferry Street, Grand Haven, Michigan 49417.

The Board of Light and Power is a member of a joint venture, the Michigan Public Power Agency (MPPA), with 16 other municipal electric systems. The MPPA was formed to undertake the planning, financing, development, acquisition, construction, improvement, operation and maintenance of projects to supply electric power and energy for present or future needs of its members. Each MPPA member is a municipal corporation organized under the laws of the State of Michigan and owns and operates a municipal electric system. Complete financial statements for the Michigan Public Power Agency can be obtained from the administrative offices at 809 Centennial Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917.

The MPPA operates various projects. The Board of Light and Power currently participates in the Transmission Project, Granger Project, North American Natural Resources Project, and the Energy Service Project. The dollar amount of Board of Light and Power's commitments for participation in the various MPPA projects of \$90,000,000 declines from a high of approximately \$5,200,000 in 2025 to zero in 2047.

The Transmission Project was financed with initial capital contributions of 13 MPPA participants which were utilized to purchase an undivided interest in the transmission grid by the MPPA.

The Granger and North American Natural Resources (NANR) Projects are landfill renewable energy programs operated by the MPPA which provides MPPA participants with renewable energy to meet Michigan Public Act 295 requirements.

The Energy Services Project provides 21 MPPA participants with capacity and energy provided by third parties through the MPPA.

During the current year the Board of Light and Power had the following transactions with the MPPA:

Electricity purchase from/through MPPA	\$4,536,203
Payments to MPPA for electricity transmission	1,319,846
Payments to MPPA for renewable energy	2,288,388
Payments to MPPA for other	410,547

Joint Purchase Agreement

The City is also a member of the Northwest Ottawa Water Treatment Plant (the Plant). The City appoints one member to the Plant's governing board, which then approves the annual budget. In the current year, the City incurred expenses totaling \$779,605 to the Plant. The purpose of the Northwest Ottawa Water Treatment Plant is to acquire, construct, finance, operate and maintain a water production facility. The Plant is governed by an administrative committee composed of one representative from each of the participating communities (Cities of Grand Haven and Ferrysburg, Village of Spring Lake, Townships of Grand Haven and Spring Lake, and County of Ottawa). These participating communities pay for water at a rate that is estimated to cover operation, maintenance, replacement and debt service. Complete financial statements can be obtained at Grand Haven City Hall.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting,* as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, except for agency funds which do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for state shared revenue, reimbursement-based grants and interest which use one year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, charges and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges for services. The principal operating revenues of the City's internal service fund are charges to City departments for repairs and equipment utilization. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

depreciation on capital assets, labor, supplies and contracted services. Operating expenses for the internal fund includes the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

The *General* fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Board of Light and Power fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, capital additions and retirement of revenue bonds of the electric supply system. Financing is provided by user charges from the sale of electricity.

The *Municipal Sewer Enterprise* fund is used to account for the cost of collecting and treating wastewater. Revenues are chiefly from service charges to customers. These revenues are also used to pay principal and interest on bonds which were used to finance improvements to the system.

The *Municipal Water Enterprise* fund is used to account for the cost of providing water services to customers. Revenues are primarily charges to customers for water usage. These revenues are used to pay operating costs and principal and interest on bonds which were used to finance improvements to the system.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The *Debt Service Funds* are used to account for the financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources and activities relating to specific construction projects.

The *Permanent Fund* is used to record activity of legal trusts for which the interest on the corpus provides funds for the City cemetery operations.

The *Internal Service Funds* are used to account for the revenues and costs of goods or services provided by the City to other departments and funds or to other governmental units on a cost reimbursement basis.

The Retiree Health Care Trust Fund is used to account for the operations of the other post-employment benefits plan which provides post-employment benefits to the City's employees.

The Agency Fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee or agency capacity on behalf of outside parties, including other governments.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Comparisons to budget are presented for governmental funds. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

- 1. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget is adopted at the activity level.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds except agency funds.
- 5. Budgets for the General and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Adoption and amendments of all budgets used by the City are governed by Public Act 621. The appropriations ordinances are based on the projected expenditures budget of the department heads of the City. Any amendment to the original budget must meet the requirements of Public Act 621. The City did amend its budget during the year. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any activity must be approved by the City Council.
- 7. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended, by the City Council.

Cash and Pooled Investments

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the City considers cash and pooled investments to be cash and cash equivalents because the pooling of these balances allows for withdrawal of these balances at any time similar to a demand deposit account.

Statutory Authority

State statutes authorize the City to invest in:

- Bond, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- e. Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.
- f. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- g. External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended.
- h. The Retiree Health Care fund is also allowed to invest in corporate debt and equity securities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Uncollectible balances at year-end were immaterial.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory consists of coal and supplies which are stated at the lower of cost, determined principally by the moving average method, or market. Inventory also consists of meters and parts for the water and sewer enterprise funds, which is valued at cost on the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventory is recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items are recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental and business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition value (the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with an equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction) on the date received. The amount reported for infrastructure includes only assets added since 2003.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

No interest expense has been capitalized on capital assets reported in proprietary funds.

Depreciation on capital assets (including infrastructure), is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Structures and improvements	3-200
Machinery, equipment, vehicles and fixtures	2-30
Buildings	5-100
Parking facilities	1-35
Production and treatment	5-50
Transmission and distribution	5-50
General plant	5-30
Infrastructure	7-150

Property Taxes

City property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of December 31. Summer Taxes are levied July 1 and are due without penalty on or before September 15, and winter taxes are levied on December 1 and are due without penalty on or before February 14. The summer tax bills include the City's own property taxes. When property owners' aggregate winter taxes are less than \$100, their winter taxes are added to the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

summer tax bill. Real property taxes not collected are turned over to the County for collection, which advances the City 100% for the delinquent real property taxes. Collection of delinquent personal property taxes remains the responsibility of the City Treasurer.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The City has several items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The City also has items that qualify for reporting in this category related to pension and other post-employment benefits which are discussed in Notes 8 and 9.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from special assessments, capital leases, and other long-term receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City also has items that qualify for reporting in this category related to pension and other postemployment benefits which are discussed in Notes 8 and 9.

Net Position and Fund Balance Reporting

Governmental funds report fund balance in the following five categories:

- Non-spendable the related asset's form does not allow expenditure of the balance. The assets are
 either (a) not in a spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
 Nonspendable fund balance would be equal to inventory, prepaid items, non-current financial assets,
 and the nonspendable portion of endowments.
- 2. Restricted the related assets can only be spent for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or as identified in enabling legislation.
- Committed the related assets can only be spent for a specific purpose identified by formal resolution of the governing board.
- 4. Assigned the related assets can only be spent for a specific purpose identified by management as authorized by the governing board.
- 5. Unassigned is the residual classification and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Net Position and Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position/fund balance and unrestricted – net position/fund balance, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Further, when the components of unrestricted

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

The City Council has adopted a minimum fund balance policy in which the total fund balance of the General fund will be equal to at least 25 percent of the previous year's expenditures. If the fund balance of the General fund falls below the minimum range, the City will replenish shortages or deficiencies using budget strategies and timeframes as detailed in the policy. Stabilization amounts are established by formal action of the Board. Any increases or uses of stabilization amounts are required to be authorized by the Board. At year-end, the fund balance of the General fund was approximately 45 percent of the previous year's expenditures.

The City Council has delegated the authority to assign fund balance to the City Manager or his designee.

Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

Compensated Absences

Under contracts and employee policy, employee groups and individual employees have a vested right to receive payments for unused vacation benefits under formulas and conditions specified in the contracts. Accumulated vacation time of governmental funds is recorded on the statement of net position and not on the governmental fund balance sheets because it is not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, the long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures/expenses.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

2. DEFICIT NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a deficit fund balance of \$194,726 in the local streets special revenue fund, and deficit unrestricted net position in the marina and Chinook Pier enterprise funds of \$471,701 and \$4,496, respectively. Governmental activities reports deficit unrestricted net position of \$9,282,237.

3. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS IN BUDGETARY FUNDS

PA. 621 of 1978, as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

In the body of the financial statements, the City's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgetary funds have been shown at the functional level. The approved budgets of the City for these budgetary funds were adopted at the activity level.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City incurred expenditures in the General and special revenue funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated as follows:

	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance (Unfavorable)
General Fund			
City Attorney	\$ 85,000	\$ 121,289	\$ (36,289)
Major Streets Fund			
Construction	380,000	1,447,510	(1,067,510)
Local Streets Fund			
Traffic Services	8,000	12,328	(4,328)
2015 Infrastructure Bonds Fund			
Expenditures	2,198,900	2,326,069	(127,169)
Lighthouse Maintenance Fund			
Expenditures	88,410	88,668	(258)

4. **DEPOSITS**

The captions on the financial statements relating to cash and cash equivalents are as follows:

		Business-			
	Governmental	type	Fiduciary	Component	
	<u>Activities</u>	Activities	Activities	<u>Units</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and pooled investments	\$18,527,196	\$20,044,545	\$3,625,832	\$482,969	\$42,680,542
Funds on deposit with MERS		=	2,152,424	=	2,152,424
	\$18,527,196	\$20,044,545	\$5,778,256	\$482,969	\$44,832,966

The cash and investments making up the above balances are as follows:

Deposits	\$31,498,105
Investments	13,328,302
Petty cash	6,559
-	
Total	_ \$44,832,966_

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

These deposits are in financial institutions located in Michigan. State policy limits the Treasurer's investing options to financial institutions located in Michigan. All accounts are in the name of the City and a specific fund or common account. They are recorded in City records at fair value.

Investments

The City chooses to disclose its investments by specifically identifying each. As of year-end, the City had the following investments:

Government money market funds Funds on deposit with MERS Michigan CLASS pool N/A		<u>Maturity</u>	Fair Value	<u>Rating</u>	Source
Michigan CLASS pool	Government money market funds	N/A	\$ 146,813	Unrated	
US Government and agency securities/pools FFCB bond 1.92% FNMA bond 1.35% FNMA bond 1.35% FNMA bond 1.375% FNMA bond 1.375 FNMA bond 1.375 FNMA bond 1.5% FNMA bond 1.5% FNMA bond 1.5% FNMA bond 1.5% FNMA bond 1.375 FNMA bond 1.5% FNMA bond 2.5% FNMA bond	Funds on deposit with MERS	N/A	2,152,424	Unrated	
FFCB bond 1.92%	Michigan CLASS pool	N/A	1,025,242	AAAm	S&P
FFCB bond 1.92%					
FNMA bond 1.35%					
FHLB bond 1.75% 8/24/21 499,970 Aaa Moody's FNMA bond 1.375% 12/27/19 498,190 Aaa Moody's FNMA bond 1.35% 10/28/19 249,373 Aaa Moody's FNMA bond 1.5% 12/30/19 498,135 Aaa Moody's FNMA bond 1.375 12/27/19 498,190 Aaa Moody's GNMA pool 2.5% 1/20/47 104,193 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 3/20/47 630,230 Unrated GNMA pool 2.75% 3/20/47 630,230 Unrated FNMA pool 2.75% 3/20/47 630,230 Unrated FNMA pool 2.75% 3/20/49 631,494 Unrated FNMA pool 3% 12/15/41 230,516 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 1/20/47 195,882 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 3/20/47 196,991 Unrated FNMA pool 2.5% 7/15/19 118,001 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 11/25/47 328,840 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td>					•
FNMA bond 1.375%					•
FNMA bond 1.35%					
FHLMC bond 1.5%					
FNMA bond 1.375 GNMA pool 2.5% GNMA pool 2.25% GNMA pool 2.25% GNMA pool 2.75% GNMA pool 2.5% GNMA pool 2.75%			249,373	Aaa	Moody's
GNMA pool 2.5%	FHLMC bond 1.5%		498,135	Aaa	
GNMA pool 2.25% GNMA pool 2.75% GNMA pool 2.5% GNMA pool 2.75% GNMA pool 2.5% GNMA po	FNMA bond 1.375		498,190	Aaa	Moody's
GNMA pool 2.75% FNMA pool 2% FNMA pool 2% FHLMC pool 3% GNMA pool 2.59% GNMA pool 2.59% GNMA pool 2.59% GNMA pool 2.59% FHLMC pool 2.59% FNMA pool 2.59% TNMA pool 3.59% TNMA pool 2.59% TNMA				Unrated	
FNMA pool 2% FHLMC pool 3%					
FHLMC pool 3% 12/15/41 230,516 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 1/20/47 195,882 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 3/20/47 196,991 Unrated FHLMC pool 2.5% 7/15/19 118,001 Unrated FNMA pool 2.25% 11/25/47 328,840 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 12/20/48 293,738 Unrated GNMA pool 2.75% 3/20/49 224,607 Unrated FNMA pool 2.5% 3/25/28 168,575 Unrated FNMA pool 4% 6/25/41 212,165 Unrated FHLMC pool 2.5% 7/15/42 345,141 Unrated FNMA pool 2.25% 7/25/43 279,076 Unrated FNMA pool 3% 12/25/43 182,736 Unrated GNMA pool 2% 1/16/45 282,602 Unrated FHLMC pool 2% 1/20/47 158,373 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 3/20/47 307,798 Unrated FNMA pool 2.5% 7/15/47 252,278 Unrated FNMA pool 2.5% 11/25/47 292,309 Unrated GNMA po					
GNMA pool 2.5% GNMA pool 2.5% GNMA pool 2.5% GNMA pool 2.5% FHLMC pool 2.5% FHLMC pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.25% GNMA pool 2.25% FNMA pool 2.25% GNMA pool 2.5% T/15/19 T18,001 Unrated FNMA pool 2.5% T1/25/47 T2/20/48 T2/20/49 T2/4,607 T1/4 T2/4,607 T1/4,607	•	6/25/39	196,257	Unrated	
GNMA pool 2.5% FHLMC pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.25% FNMA pool 2.25% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.25% FNMA pool 2.25% FNMA pool 2.25% FNMA pool 2.5%	FHLMC pool 3%	12/15/41			
FHLMC pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.25% FNMA pool 2.25% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.75% FNMA pool 2.75% FNMA pool 2.75% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 4% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 3.5% FNMA pool 3.5% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.75% FNMA pool 2.7		1/20/47		Unrated	
FNMA pool 2.25% GNMA pool 2.5% GNMA pool 2.75% GNMA pool 2.75% GNMA pool 2.75% GNMA pool 2.5% GNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 4% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.25% FNMA pool 2.25% FNMA pool 2.25% FNMA pool 2.25% FNMA pool 3% FNMA pool 2% FNMA pool 2% FNMA pool 2% FNMA pool 2% FNMA pool 2.5% GNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.5% GNMA pool 2.5% GNMA pool 2.5% GNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.5% GNMA pool 2.75% J1/25/47 J1/25/		3/20/47	196,991	Unrated	
GNMA pool 2.5%	FHLMC pool 2.5%	7/15/19	118,001	Unrated	
GNMA pool 2.75% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 4% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.25% FNMA pool 3% FNMA pool 2% FNMA pool 2% FNLMC pool 2.5% FNLMC pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.75%	FNMA pool 2.25%	11/25/47	328,840	Unrated	
FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 4% FNMA pool 4% FHLMC pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.25% FNMA pool 3% FNMA pool 3% FNMA pool 2% FNMA pool 2% FHLMC pool 2% FNLMC pool 2% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.75%	GNMA pool 2.5%	12/20/48	293,738	Unrated	
FNMA pool 4% FHLMC pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.25% FNMA pool 3% FNMA pool 2% FNMA pool 2% FHLMC pool 2% FNLMC pool 2% FNMA pool 2.5% FNMA pool 2.75%	GNMA pool 2.75%	3/20/49	224,607	Unrated	
FHLMC pool 2.5% 7/15/42 345,141 Unrated FNMA pool 2.25% 7/25/43 279,076 Unrated FNMA pool 3% 12/25/43 182,736 Unrated GNMA pool 2% 1/16/45 282,602 Unrated FHLMC pool 2% 10/15/46 148,602 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 1/20/47 158,373 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 3/20/47 307,798 Unrated FHLMC pool 2.5% 7/15/47 252,278 Unrated FNMA pool 2.5% 11/25/47 292,309 Unrated GNMA pool 2.75% 3/20/49 482,156 Unrated	FNMA pool 2.5%	3/25/28	168,575	Unrated	
FNMA pool 2.25% 7/25/43 279,076 Unrated FNMA pool 3% 12/25/43 182,736 Unrated GNMA pool 2% 1/16/45 282,602 Unrated FHLMC pool 2% 10/15/46 148,602 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 1/20/47 158,373 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 3/20/47 307,798 Unrated FHLMC pool 2.5% 7/15/47 252,278 Unrated FNMA pool 2.5% 11/25/47 292,309 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 3/20/49 482,156 Unrated	FNMA pool 4%	6/25/41	212,165	Unrated	
FNMA pool 3% 12/25/43 182,736 Unrated GNMA pool 2% 1/16/45 282,602 Unrated FHLMC pool 2% 10/15/46 148,602 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 1/20/47 158,373 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 3/20/47 307,798 Unrated FHLMC pool 2.5% 7/15/47 252,278 Unrated FNMA pool 2.5% 11/25/47 292,309 Unrated GNMA pool 2.75% 3/20/49 482,156 Unrated	FHLMC pool 2.5%	7/15/42	345,141	Unrated	
GNMA pool 2% 1/16/45 282,602 Unrated FHLMC pool 2% 10/15/46 148,602 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 1/20/47 158,373 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 3/20/47 307,798 Unrated FHLMC pool 2.5% 7/15/47 252,278 Unrated FNMA pool 2.5% 11/25/47 292,309 Unrated GNMA pool 2.75% 3/20/49 482,156 Unrated	FNMA pool 2.25%	7/25/43	279,076	Unrated	
FHLMC pool 2% 10/15/46 148,602 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 1/20/47 158,373 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 3/20/47 307,798 Unrated FHLMC pool 2.5% 7/15/47 252,278 Unrated FNMA pool 2.5% 11/25/47 292,309 Unrated GNMA pool 2.75% 3/20/49 482,156 Unrated	FNMA pool 3%	12/25/43	182,736	Unrated	
GNMA pool 2.5% 1/20/47 158,373 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 3/20/47 307,798 Unrated FHLMC pool 2.5% 7/15/47 252,278 Unrated FNMA pool 2.5% 11/25/47 292,309 Unrated GNMA pool 2.75% 3/20/49 482,156 Unrated	GNMA pool 2%	1/16/45	282,602	Unrated	
GNMA pool 2.5% 1/20/47 158,373 Unrated GNMA pool 2.5% 3/20/47 307,798 Unrated FHLMC pool 2.5% 7/15/47 252,278 Unrated FNMA pool 2.5% 11/25/47 292,309 Unrated GNMA pool 2.75% 3/20/49 482,156 Unrated	FHLMC pool 2%	10/15/46	148,602	Unrated	
FHLMC pool 2.5% 7/15/47 252,278 Unrated FNMA pool 2.5% 11/25/47 292,309 Unrated GNMA pool 2.75% 3/20/49 482,156 Unrated		1/20/47	158,373	Unrated	
FNMA pool 2.5% 11/25/47 292,309 Unrated GNMA pool 2.75% 3/20/49 482,156 Unrated	GNMA pool 2.5%	3/20/47	307,798	Unrated	
FNMA pool 2.5% 11/25/47 292,309 Unrated GNMA pool 2.75% 3/20/49 482,156 Unrated	FHLMC pool 2.5%	7/15/47	252,278	Unrated	
GNMA pool 2.75% 3/20/49 482,156 Unrated	•	11/25/47		Unrated	
		3/20/49		Unrated	
	•				

Investment and deposit risk

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. As of year-end, \$28,364,172 of the City's bank balance of \$31,613,913 was exposed to custodial credit risk because the balance was uninsured and uncollateralized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Interest Rate Risk. State law and City policy limit the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the City does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. Of the above \$13,328,302 of investments, the City has custodial credit risk of \$10,003,823 because the related securities are uninsured, unregistered and held by the government's brokerage firm which is also the counterparty for these particular securities. Of the above investments, \$3,324,479 is invested in money market funds and external investment pools for which the City's custodial credit risk exposure cannot be determined because the money market funds and external investment pools do not consist of specifically identifiable securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk. All investments held at year-end are reported above.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements of investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of year-end.

- U.S. Government agency bonds and notes are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- Money market funds, funds on deposit with MERS, US Government agency pools and municipal bonds
 are valued using a pricing model utilizing observable fair value measures of fund/pool investments and
 other observable inputs to determining the fair value of the securities making up the of investments
 fund/pool (Level 2 inputs).
- The City does not have any investments that report fair value based on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Ju	ance ly 1, <u>)18</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2019</u>
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated	Φ.0	740 444	•	•	00740444
Land	. ,	746,444	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,746,444
Construction in progress		308,105	3,836,209		1,243,535
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	12,	054,549	3,836,209	5,900,779	9,989,979
Capital assets, being depreciated				404040	
Structures and improvements	10,	654,395	3,990,194	184,818	14,459,771
Machinery, equipment, vehicles	0	000 004	4 040 040	004 750	7 400 050
and fixtures		393,984	1,018,619	291,750	7,120,853
Buildings		420,073	371,811	-	14,791,884
Parking facilities		722,504	35,839	-	9,758,343
Infrastructure		682,265	1,867,672	470.500	35,549,937
Total capital assets, being depreciated		873,221	7,284,135	476,568	81,680,788
Less accumulated depreciation:	•	100 100	400 500	440 504	0.505.007
Structures and improvements	6,	182,403	499,528	116,594	6,565,337
Machinery, equipment, vehicles	•	500 000	400 450	000 000	0.700.040
and fixtures		583,088	498,153		3,792,219
Buildings	,	891,445	398,057		5,289,502
Parking facilities		764,540	292,966		5,057,506
Infrastructure		525,241	1,725,729		11,250,970
Total accumulated depreciation		946,717	3,414,433		31,955,534
Net capital assets, being depreciated		926,504	3,869,702		49,725,254
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$57 ,	981,053	\$7,705,911	\$5,971,731	\$59,715,233
Business-type activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated	•		•	•	A - 0.4.000
Land	\$	531,603	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 531,603
Construction in progress		407,890	5,658,641	5,494,700	571,831
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		939,493	5,658,641	5,494,700	1,103,434
Capital assets being depreciated	_				
Structures and improvements	9	,909,294	512,424	-	10,421,718
Machinery, equipment, vehicles				44.000	400 -04
and fixtures		501,399	-	11,698	489,701
Production and treatment		,739,819	-	89,888	104,649,931
Transmission and distribution		,918,854	5,545,508	137,623	76,326,739
General plant		,478,353	176,682	-	2,655,035
Total capital assets, being depreciated	188	,547,719	6,234,614	239,209	194,543,124

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Less accumulated depreciation for:	Balance July 1, <u>2018</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2019</u>
Structures and improvements	\$ 5,450,085	\$ 344,655	\$ -	\$ 5,794,740
Machinery, equipment, vehicles	. , ,	. ,		. , ,
and fixtures	291,441	28,398	11,698	308,141
Production and treatment	98,597,176	3,243,014	77,889	101,762,301
Transmission and distribution	30,888,722	891,905	133,050	31,647,577
General plant	837,847	92,800	-	930,647
Total accumulated depreciation	136,065,271	4,600,772	222,637	140,443,406
Net capital assets, being depreciated	52,482,448	1,633,842	16,572	54,099,718
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$53,421,941	\$7,292,483	\$5,511,272	\$55,203,152

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 570,267
Public safety	80,891
Public works	1,843,235
Culture and recreation	567,081
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are charged to the various functions based on	
their usage of the assets	352,959
•	
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$3,414,433
	\$3,414,433
Business-type activities	
	\$3,766,750
Business-type activities	
Business-type activities Board of Light and Power	\$3,766,750
Business-type activities Board of Light and Power Sewer	\$3,766,750 219,850
Business-type activities Board of Light and Power Sewer Water	\$3,766,750 219,850 255,294

6. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Internal balances for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Due from General fund	General <u>Fund</u> \$ -	Board of Light and <u>Power</u> \$147,988	Sewer Fund \$ -	Water <u>Fund</u> \$ -	Non-major <u>Funds</u> \$163,835	<u>Total</u> \$311,823
Non-major funds	29,188	-	1,415	1,224	631,121	662,948
	\$29,188	\$147,988	\$1,415	\$1,224	\$794,956	\$974,771

Interfund balances reflect loans made from funds with cash and pooled investments to those funds requiring temporary cash flow.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Transfers in and out for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

		Transfers out						
Transfers in General fund	General <u>Fund</u> \$ -	Board of Light and <u>Power</u> \$1,904,185	Sewer <u>Fund</u> \$117,363	Water <u>Fund</u> \$ 98,551	Non-major <u>Funds</u> \$ 96,285	<u>Total</u> \$2,216,384		
Sewer fund	-	-	φ117,000 -	φ 00,00 i	431,318	431,318		
Water fund Non-major funds	- 1,438,617	-	90,667 75,000	- 75,000	209,271 4,648,418	299,938 6,237,035		
Totals	\$1,438,617	\$1,904,185	\$283,030	\$175,551	\$5,385,292	\$9,184,675		

Transfers are used to allocate various costs and move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them. The amount transferred from the Board of Light and Power, sewer fund, and water fund, to the general fund consists of payments in lieu of tax.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the debt transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Governmental Activities Public offering bonds	Balance July 1, <u>2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2019</u>	Due Within One <u>Year</u>
\$4,775,000 2014 Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds due in annual installments of \$255,000 to \$405,000 through April 2029; interest at 2.0 to 4.0%	\$2,125,130	\$ -	\$156,679	\$1,968,451	\$165,225
\$6,720,000 2017 Unlimited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$20,000 to \$845,000 through April 2028; interest at 2.0%	6,700,000		515,000	6,185,000	540,000
Total bonds	8,825,130	-	671,679	8,153,451	705,225
Direct placements and direct borrowings \$6,545,000 2015 Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds due in annual installments of \$230,000 to \$460,000 through April 2035; interest at 2.0 to 4.0%	5,835,000	_	250,000	5,585,000	260,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Other debt	Balance July 1, <u>2018</u>	Add	<u>ditions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, 2019	Due Within One <u>Year</u>
\$1,134,626 2010 Capital Lease due in annual installments of \$18,235 to \$91,175 through April 2034; interest at 3.25 to 6.5%	\$ 1,012,046	\$	-	\$ 35,456	\$ 976,590 \$	\$ 37,483
Bond premiums Accrued employee benefits	691,179 1,257,553		- 186,768	81,367 586,277	609,812 858,044	77,840
Total Governmental Activities	\$17,620,908	\$	186,768	\$1,624,779	\$16,182,897	\$1,080,548
Business-type Activities Public offering bonds \$4,775,000 2014 Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds due in annual installments of \$255,000 to \$405,000 through April 2029; interest at 2.0 to 4.0%	\$1,604,870	\$	-	\$118,321	\$1,486,549	\$124,775
Other debt Accrued employee benefits	547,738		30,613	181,203	397,148	<u> </u>
Total Business-type Activities	\$2,152,608	\$	30,613	\$299,524	\$1,883,697	\$124,775
	\$2,152,608 \$4,995,000	\$ \$	30,613	\$299,524 \$4,995,000		
Total Business-type Activities Component Units Bonds \$5,600,000 2009 Capital Improvement Bonds due in annual installments of \$90,000 to \$450,000 through April 2034; interest at 3.25%		-	30,613			
Total Business-type Activities Component Units Bonds \$5,600,000 2009 Capital Improvement Bonds due in annual installments of \$90,000 to \$450,000 through April 2034; interest at 3.25% to 6.0% \$1,000,000 2011 Brownfield Redevelopment Bonds due in annual installments of \$67,473	\$4,995,000	-	30,613 - -	\$4,995,000	\$ -	\$ -
Total Business-type Activities Component Units Bonds \$5,600,000 2009 Capital Improvement Bonds due in annual installments of \$90,000 to \$450,000 through April 2034; interest at 3.25% to 6.0% \$1,000,000 2011 Brownfield Redevelopment Bonds due in annual installments of \$67,473 through May 2021; interest at 2.0% \$7,355,000 2016 Brownfield Redevelopment Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,240,000 to \$1,750,000 through November 2021; interest	\$4,995,000 256,919	\$	30,613 540,000	\$4,995,000 125,916	\$ - 131,003	\$ - 64,853

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Direct placements and direct borrowings \$2,960,000 2015 General Obligation Refunding	Balance July 1, <u>2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2019</u>	Due Within One <u>Year</u>
Bonds due in annual installments of \$135,000 to \$380,000 through October 2026; interest at 2.3%	\$ 2,665,000	\$ -	\$ 185,000 \$	2,480,000	\$ 210,000
Other debt					
Issuance discounts	(18,241)	-	(18,241)	-	-
Issuance premiums	302,083	418,626	121,484	599,225	135,903
Total Component Units	\$14,315,761	\$4,958,626	\$6,744,159 \$	12,530,228	\$2,010,756

The annual requirements to amortize all public offering bonds and leases outstanding as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Year Ending	Government	overnmental Activities Busin		Business-type Activities		ent Units
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2020	\$ 742,708	\$ 233,462	\$ 124,775	\$ 59,462	\$1,664,853	\$ 299,673
2021	787,457	181,940	129,078	54,470	1,851,150	264,823
2022	834,043	195,346	135,532	49,308	1,940,000	189,300
2023	877,779	174,620	139,835	43,886	210,000	146,700
2024	927,529	152,841	144,137	38,294	230,000	138,300
2025-2029	4,525,921	395,385	813,191	100,161	1,475,000	537,100
2030-2034	434,604	43,167	-	-	2,080,000	204,000
Total	\$9,130,041	\$1,376,761	\$1,486,548	\$345,581	\$9,451,003	\$1,779,896

The annual requirements to amortize all direct placements and direct borrowings outstanding as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities		Component Units	
<u>June 30</u>	Principal	Principal Interest		Interest
2020	\$ 260,000	\$ 220,800	\$ 210,000	\$ 54,577
2021	265,000	213,000	235,000	49,464
2022	275,000	202,400	270,000	43,662
2023	285,000	191,400	300,000	37,113
2024	300,000	180,000	330,000	29,874
2025-2029	1,685,000	710,600	1,135,000	39,353
2030-2034	2,055,000	345,000	-	-
2035-2039	460,000	18,400	-	
				_
Total	\$5,585,000	\$2,081,600	\$2,480,000	\$254,043

During fiscal year 2019, the City issued \$4,540,000 of refunding bonds to pay off outstanding bonds. This advanced refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments by \$236,016, which resulted in an economic gain of \$190,061.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

In the event of default, the City will be required to use money from its General fund or levy an ad-valorem tax sufficient to pay the obligation, subject to applicable constitutional, statutory and charter limitations.

8. LEASES RECEIVABLE

The Main Street Downtown Development Authority has capital leases receivable from the primary government for the acquisition and construction of infrastructure assets and water and sewer projects. The amount each fund of the primary government is required to contribute for repayment of debt is a percentage of the project applicable. The future lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2020	\$ 51,758	\$ 41,130
2021	57,353	39,743
2022	61,549	38,165
2023	65,746	36,473
2024	71,341	34,620
2025-2029	440,638	138,419
2030-2034	600,108	59,607
	_	
Total	\$1,348,493	\$388,157

9. PENSION PLANS

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

Benefits Provided

Pension benefits approved by the City Council are provided to all full time employees based on division/bargaining unit. Benefits provided include a multiplier of from 2.25 to 2.5 times final average compensation. Vesting period of 6 years. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 50 to 55 with from 15 to 25 years of service. Final average compensation is calculated based on a 3 year average.

Membership of the defined benefit plan consisted of the following at the date of the latest actuarial valuation (December 31, 2018):

Total City

	rotal City
Active plan members	176
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	206
Inactive employees entitled but not yet receiving benefits	92
Total	474

Contributions

The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, which for the current year was from 14.7 to 20.41% of annual covered payroll depending on position and classification. Participating employees are

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

required to contribute from 0 to 17.0% percent of covered payroll to the Plan based on position and classification. The contribution requirements of the City are established and may be amended by the MERS Retirement Board. The contribution requirements of employees are established and may be amended by labor agreements.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.5% (3-4% for 2014)

Salary Increases: base wage inflation of 3.75% in the long-term (plus merit and longevity from 0 to 11% based on age) (4.5 for 2014)

Investment rate of return: 7.75%, net of investment expense, including inflation (8.25% for 2014)

Mortality rates used for non-disabled plan member were based on a weighted blend of RP-2014 mortality tables of a 50% Male and 50% Female blend. Mortality rates used for disabled plan member were based on a blend of RP-2014 disabled retire mortality tables of a 50% Male and 50% Female blend of disabled retirees. (1994 group annuity tables is 2014)

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of the 2015 actuarial experience study.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money Weighted Rate of Return*
Global Equity	57.5%	6.27%	3.60%
Global Fixed Income	20.0%	3.43%	0.68%
Real Assets	12.5%	5.48%	0.69%
Diversifying Strategies	10.0%	7.81%	0.78%
Inflation			2.00%
Administrative fee			0.25%
Investment rate of return			8.00%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 8.00% which did not change from the prior year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total	Plan	•	
	Pension	Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)	
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$106,978,445	\$85,233,206	\$21,745,239	
Changes for the Year:				
Service cost	1,876,313	-	1,876,313	
Interest	8,390,678	-	8,390,678	
Change in benefits	2,423	-	2,423	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(948,030)	-	(948,030)	
Change in assumptions	-	-	-	
Contributions: employer	-	2,803,011	(2,803,011)	
Contributions: employee	-	1,583,711	(1,583,711)	
Net investment Income	-	(3,336,775)	3,336,775	
Benefit payments, including refunds	(6,066,289)	(6,066,289)	-	
Administrative expense	-	(164,445)	164,445	
Other changes	(4)	·	(4)	
Net changes	3,255,091	(5,180,787)	8,435,878	
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$110,233,536	\$80,052,419	\$30,181,117	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate.

The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 8.0%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.0%) or 1% higher (9.0%) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease Discount rate 1% Inc		
Total Pension Liability	\$123,114,492	\$110,233,536	\$99,462,728
Fiduciary Net Position	80,052,419	80,052,419	80,052,419
Net Pension Liability	\$ 43,062,073	\$ 30,181,117	\$19,410,309

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the City recognized pension expense of \$5,634,855. The City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences in experience	\$ 8,998	\$ -
Differences in assumptions	890,277	-
Deficit investment returns	6,264,289	-
Contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date*	1,750,479	-
Total	\$8,914,043	\$ -

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to City pensions (excluding contributions subsequent to the measurement date) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2020	\$3,274,022
2021	831,153
2022	1,042,054
2023	2,016,335
2024	-
Thereafter	<u> </u>
Total	\$7,163,564

Defined Contribution Plans

The City provides an externally managed IRS Section 457 plan which provides pension benefits to qualified employees. The City does not contribute to the plan. Participants may elect to contribute up to the legal maximum. The plan provisions and contribution amounts were established by the City Council and may be amended by the Council. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The balance of employee contributions and earnings are held in trust for employees by an organization separate from the City.

The City provides a defined contribution pension plan (externally managed IRS Section 401a plan), which provides pension benefits to qualified employees. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The City's contribution for employees eligible to participate in the plans vests immediately. Participants contribute from 2% of covered wages which is matched by the City. During fiscal 2019, employees who were hired prior to March 1, 2019 and previously opted out of the plan had a one-time opportunity to participate to obtain the employer match if the employee agrees to contribute 2% of covered wages into the IRS Section 457 plan with the employer match being contributed to the IRS Section 401a plan. City contributions were \$63,715 and participant contributions were \$62,480 to the plan during the year. The plan provisions and contribution amounts were established by the City Council and may be amended by the Council.

The Board of Light and Power provides a defined contribution pension plan (the Plan) that provides pension benefits to all fulltime employees. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are required to participate after six months of employment. Employees are required to contribute 4% and the Board contributes 8% of each participant's compensation to the Plan. The Board's contributions are fully vested after four years of service. During the year employees contributed \$54,250 and the Board contributed \$108,501 to the plan.

10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan description

The City administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the Plan). In addition to retirement benefits, the Plan provides health insurance benefits to certain retirees and their beneficiaries, which are advance-funded on a discretionary basis. In accordance with the City's policy, the City provides health care benefits to retirees in accordance with the pension ordinance. For retirees below age 65, the City pays 75 percent to 80 percent of the annual premium (depending on the bargaining unit) and the retiree pays the

^{*} The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

balance. For retirees age 65 and older, the City pays 10 percent on the annual premium (depending on the bargaining unit) and the retiree pays the balance. Retirees are required to purchase and pay for Medicare supplemental insurance when they become eligible. As of June 30, 2018, the date of the last plan valuation, the Plan covered 188 members (120 active plan members and 68 retirees receiving benefits). The Plan is closed to new participants. The city adopted a legal trust for the Plan which is included in the City's financial statements. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Contributions

The Plan was established and is being funded under the authority of the City Council and under agreements with unions representing various classes of employees. The Plan's funding policy is that the employer will contribute any discretionary contributions. There are no long-term contracts for contributions to the Plan. The plan has no legally required reserves.

The contribution requirements of the plan members and the City are determined and may be amended by the City. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the City. For the current year the City's actuarially determined contribution (ADC) was \$848,167 while actual contributions were \$779,102.

Benefits provided

In accordance with the collective bargaining agreements, retirees receive an employer-paid benefit toward health and life insurance premiums for the retiree and spouse. For employees hired before October 1, 2013 based on hire date the Plan pays from 75% to 80% of the premium payment until age 65 and 0-10% thereafter.

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following at the date of the latest actuarial valuation (June 30, 2018):

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	68
Active plan members	120
·	
Total	188

The plan is closed to new participants.

Net OPEB Liability

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.5 % (2.99% in 2017)

Salary Increases: 2.0%

Investment rate of return: 5.25%, net of investment expense, including inflation

20 - year Aa Municipal Bond rate: 3.00%

Healthcare cost trend rates: 7% graded down 0.5% per year to an ultimate rate of 5%

Mortality: As set forth in IRS Regulations for 2018 (1.430(h)(3)) for Non-annuitants, separately for males and females as well as annuitants and non-annuitants. Based on RP-2000 Tables with Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	55.5%	6.15%
Global Fixed Income	18.5%	1.26%
Real Assets	13.5%	7.22%
Diversifying Strategies	12.5%	5.00%
Cash	0.0%	0.00%

The City, as plan sponsor and investment fiduciary, has chosen for the Plan an asset mix intended to meet or exceed a long-term rate of return of 5.25%.

Concentrations. 100% of the Plan's investments are invested in the MERS total market portfolio.

Rate of return. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 2.86%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability is 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate used for the beginning of year total OPEB liability was 7.5%.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Plan		
	Total OPEB	Fiduciary	Net OPEB
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
_	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$7,527,950	\$2,094,812	\$5,433,138
Changes for the Year:			
Service cost	49,554	-	49,554
Interest	542,204	-	542,204
Change in benefits	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	154,290	-	154,290
Change in assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions: employer	-	779,102	(779,102)
Net investment Income	-	62,008	(62,008)
Benefit payments, including refunds	(779,102)	(779,102)	-
Administrative expense	-	(4,396)	4,396
Other changes	-	-	
Net changes	(33,054)	57,612	(90,666)
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$7,494,896	\$2,152,424	\$5,342,472

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the employer's net OPEB liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.75%) or 1% higher (8.75%) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount rate	1 % increase
Total OPEB liability	\$8,003,853	\$7,494,896	\$7,038,017
Fiduciary net position	2,152,424	2,152,424	2,152,424
Net OPEB liability	\$5,851,429	\$5,342,472	\$4,885,593
Plan fiduciary position			
as a percentage of the			
total OPEB liability	26.89%	28,72%	30.58%

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the employer, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 8%, as well as what the employer's net OPEB liability would be using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7%) or 1% higher (9%) than the current rate.

		Current Healthcare Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% increase
Total OPEB liability	\$6,995,608	\$7,494,896	\$8,052,893
Fiduciary net position	2,152,424	2,152,424	2,152,424
Net OBEB liability	\$4,843,184	\$5,342,472	\$5,900,469

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the employer recognized OPEB expense of \$710,136. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences in experience	\$622,834	\$	-
Differences in assumptions	179,316		-
Excess (deficit) investment returns	72,637		-
Total	\$874,787	\$	_

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

2020	\$270,929
2021	270,929
2022	270,926
2023	62,003
Thereafter	
Total	\$874,787

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Defined Contribution Plan

The City provides a Health Care Savings Plan (HCSP), which provides health insurance benefits to qualified employees. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. In 2008 the HCSP was opened with a mandatory employee contribution rate of .25% of covered wages. Employees could elect to contribute up to 10%. In May 2011 MERS determined that the range was not allowed and froze contributions at the levels they were currently at. The City was not required to contribute. Employees hired after May 2011 are required to contribute 3% with a 3% City match, except for SEIU union employees who in the fall of 2013 voted to increase employee contributions to 5% with the City matching 3%. City contributions were \$145,933 and participant contributions were \$338,268 to the plan during the year. The plan provisions and contribution amounts were established and may be amended by MERS.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

Primary Government

The City purchases insurance and participates in public entity risk pools for the various risks associated with City operations. Significant risk management activities of the City are accounted for and disclosed below.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City obtains its liability insurance coverage from Municipal Underwriters of West Michigan, Inc. The City pays an annual premium to Municipal Underwriters of West Michigan, Inc. for liability insurance coverage. Municipal Underwriters of West Michigan, Inc. is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides, subject to certain deductibles, occurrences based coverage by internally insuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. A \$1,000 deductible is maintained to place the responsibility for small charges with the City. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City manages its workers' compensation risk by participating in the Michigan Municipal League Workers' Compensation Fund (MMLWCF), a public entity risk pool providing workers' compensation coverage to its participating members. The City pays an annual premium to MMLWCF for its workers compensation coverage. The MMLWCF is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides statutory workers compensation coverage to its members by internally insuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City is self-funded for medical, dental, optical and disability insurance. The claims liability of \$163,004 reported at June 30, 2019 is based on the requirements of accounting standards which require that a liability for claims be reported if it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

The activity of the self-funded insurance is accounted for in the self-insurance internal service fund. An independent administrator is contracted to process the daily claims. An excess coverage insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$75,000 per covered individual with a 125% aggregate. The City is responsible for paying administrative charges which are included in this fund. The revenues for this fund's operation are charges to various funds, employee withholdings, and co-payments. The liability at the end of the year included claims already incurred and reported as well as an estimate for claims incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation and recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of pay-outs and other economic and social factors. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the history of the self-insurance program, and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The changes in the claims liability for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2019 were as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Beginning of Year <u>Liability</u>	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim <u>Payments</u>	End of Year <u>Liability</u>
2018	\$205,429	\$3,642,666	\$3,779,591	\$68,504
2019	68,504	3,730,679	3,636,179	163,004

The Board of Light and Power is exposed to various risks related to liability, damage or loss for which it participated in the creation of a self-insurance program known as the Michigan Professional Insurance Association (MPIA). The MPIA was established pursuant to the State of Michigan Act 35 of 1951; Intergovernmental Contracts between Municipal Corporations.

MPIA administers an actuarially based risk management fund and utilizes such funds deposited by the Board of Light and Power to defend and protect Board of Light and Power. MPIA has purchased commercial insurance for coverage in excess of the Board of Light and Power's self-insured reserve limits. MPIA assumes risk of loss within the scope of the memorandum of coverage to the extent of the coverage limits offered by the memorandum.

Following is insurance coverage and related deductibles effect at year-end:

	Deductible/Retention			
	<u>2019</u>	<u>20</u> 18		
Property and equipment	\$50,000 - 500,000	\$50,000 - 500,000		
General liability	50,000	50,000		
Public officials liability	50,000	50,000		
Employee benefits liability	50,000	100,000		
Crime	25,000	25,000		
Cyber security	25,000	None		
Open cargo	None	1% of value		

The Board of Light and Power makes annual payments to the MPIA for administrative charges, insurance purchases and estimated risk retention reserves. At year-end the risk retention reserve balance held by the MPIA for the Board of Light and Power was \$3,908,752 which excluded assets set aside for estimated claims of \$69,500. The estimated claims at the end of the year included claims already incurred and reported as well as an estimate for claims incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation and recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of pay-outs and other economic and social factors. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years, and changes in insurance coverage are reflected above.

The claims liability for the Board of Light and Power as reported by the MPIA for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$69,500 and \$69,500 respectively. Claims adjustment expense cannot be specifically identified to each participant in the MPIA. Total claims expense reported by the MPIA for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$0 and \$2,452 respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

12. DEFERRED SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS RECIEVABLE

The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority component unit has outstanding deferred special assessments receivable totaling \$5,900,912 at June 30, 2019. The assessments are in place for condominium units, retail outlets, and property not yet developed. Considering the uncertainty of collection of the assessments, and the amount of the assessments to be received not readily determinable, the assessments receivable have been fully offset with an allowance for doubtful accounts, and as such, there is no net receivable reported in the financial statements of the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority component unit at June 30, 2019.

13. TAX ABATEMENTS

The City entered into property tax abatements agreements with local businesses under the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Development Districts Act, (known as the Industrial Facilities Exemption) PA 198 of 1974, as amended, provides a tax incentive to manufacturers to enable renovation and expansion of aging facilities, assist in the building of new facilities, and to promote the establishment of high tech facilities. An Industrial Facilities Exemption (IFE) certificate entitles the facility to exemption from ad valorem real and/or personal property taxes for a term of 1-12 years as determined by the local unit of government. The agreements entered into by the City include claw back provisions should the recipient of the tax abatement fail to fully meet its commitments, such as employment levels and timelines for relocation. The IFT is computed at half the local property tax millage rate. This amounts to a reduction in property taxes of approximately 50%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the City abated property tax revenues of approximately \$171,000.

14. CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of its activities, the City has become a party in various legal actions, including property tax assessment appeals. Management of the City is of the opinion that the outcome of such actions will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City and, therefore, has not reflected loss reserves in the financial statements.

15. COMMITMENTS

The Board of Light and Power has entered into an agreement to transfer a portion of electric revenue generated at the Grand Landing location to help fund payment of component unit debt. These transfers began during 2016 and are contingent upon electric sales revenue and future development at the Grand Landing location. The agreement provides for contingent transfers through 2019.

As disclosed in Note 1, the City is a member of the Grand Haven-Spring Lake Sewer Authority and the Northwest Ottawa Water Treatment Plant. The City, along with the other participating communities, has pledged their full faith and credit for repayment of the outstanding debt of these entities. For all debt, the amount the city is required to contribute to these entities for repayment of debt is not a fixed amount, but is based on the volume of sewage treated and water purchased and is included in the rate charged by these entities.

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

City-owned facilities are users of Board of Light and Power electric services. The Board of Light and Power includes the sale of such services in its charges for services revenue and reflects balances received for these services as accounts receivable. The Board of Light and Power is required to pay five percent of gross retail sales to the City under provisions of the City Charter. The payment of the five percent of gross sales to the City is reported as transfers out.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

17. CONSTRUCTION CODE FEES

The City oversees building construction in accordance with the State of Michigan Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and cumulative surplus or shortfall generated since January 1, 2000 is as follows:

Cumulative shortfall – July 1, 2018	\$(531,023)
Current year building permit revenues	297,487
Related expenses Direct costs Estimated indirect costs	(327,798) (43,213)
Cumulative shortfall – June 30, 2019	\$(604,547)

18. ASSET RETIREMENT

The Board of Light and Power has announced plans for the closure of the Sims III 70 megawatt coal fired power plant in fiscal year 2020. The Board of Light and Power has contracted for the sale of any remaining coal at the time of closure.

The Board of Light and Power's operation of electricity generating facilities required use of fuel and ash management facilities that will require environmental remediation under various state and federal laws upon plant closure. The Board of Light and Power has estimated the cost of remediating fuel and ash management facilities at \$1,500,000 based on known costs of similar plant closures and engineering estimates. The Board of Light and Power's fuel and ash management facilities have an insignificant estimated remaining useful life.

19. RECLASSIFICATION

Beginning net position of governmental activities was increased by \$708,274 to reflect the reclassification of non-trust related funds of the Retiree Health Care fund from a fiduciary fund to an internal service fund.

20. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Beginning net position of business-type activities and the Board of Light and Power enterprise fund was decreased by \$1,500,000 to reflect the Board of Light and Power's asset retirement obligation as a result of implementing Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

				Variance
		Amounts	Actual	Positive
_	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amount</u>	(Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	A 7 0 7 0 7 1	# 7.000.040	A 7 400 000	4 50.000
Property taxes	\$ 7,278,771	\$ 7,086,810	\$ 7,136,832	\$ 50,022
Intergovernmental revenues		000	007	7
Federal	4 004 050	380	387	7
State	1,034,650	1,045,640	1,063,454	17,814
Local	40,500	25,060	16,928	(8,132)
Special assessments	18,000	18,000	11,498	(6,502)
Licenses and permits	664,100	586,700	639,692	52,992
Charges for services	1,692,110	1,721,325	1,692,787	(28,538)
Fines	111,500	99,500	92,443	(7,057)
Investment earnings	210,000	270,000	325,361	55,361
Miscellaneous	403,500	112,330	111,273	(1,057)
Total revenues	11,453,131	10,965,745	11,090,655	124,910
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	3,060,258	3,065,231	2,876,473	188,758
Public safety	5,015,692	5,077,410	4,830,313	247,097
Public works	3,117,700	3,358,125	3,107,473	250,652
Culture and recreation	845,510	904,160	792,712	111,448
Debt service				
Principal	-	-	14,523	(14,523)
Interest and fiscal charges	13,400	13,400	12,580	820
Total expenditures	12,052,560	12,418,326	11,634,074	784,252
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(599,429)	(1,452,581)	(543,419)	909,162
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	2,247,400	2,226,445	2,216,384	(10,061)
Transfers out	(1,867,440)	(1,706,560)	(1,438,617)	267,943
	(:,==:,::=)	(1,100,000)	(1,100,011)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	379,960	519,885	777,767	257,882
Net changes in fund balance	(219,469)	(932,696)	234,348	1,167,044
Fund balance, beginning of year	4,905,250	4,905,250	4,905,250	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 4,685,781	\$ 3,972,554	\$ 5,139,598	\$ 1,167,044

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYERS NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Total pension liability		20.0	20.0		
Service cost	\$ 1,714,380	\$ 1,784,375	\$ 1,938,291	\$ 1,896,453	\$ 1,876,313
Interest	6,872,845	6,970,006	7,719,273	7,931,391	8,390,678
Changes in benefit terms	-	(8,167)	(27,927)	(54,797)	2,423
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	1,069,871	(1,279,520)	2,035,707	(948,030)
Changes in assumptions	-	4,451,385	-	-	-
Benefit payments including employee refunds	(4,522,352)	(5,086,362)	(5,306,454)	(6,048,965)	(6,066,289)
Other		217,812			(4)
Net change in total pension liability	4,064,873	9,398,920	3,043,663	5,759,789	3,255,091
Total pension liability, beginning of year	84,711,200	88,776,073	98,174,993	101,218,656	106,978,445
Total pension liability, end of year	\$88,776,073	\$ 98,174,993	\$ 101,218,656	\$ 106,978,445	\$ 110,233,536
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions-employer	\$ 1,230,140	\$ 1,351,197	. , ,	\$ 6,969,429	\$ 2,803,011
Contributions-employee	1,017,387	1,188,014	1,399,568	1,649,872	1,583,711
Net investment income	4,384,730	(1,056,807)	, ,	9,637,326	(3,336,775)
Benefit payments including employee refunds	(4,522,352)	, , ,	, , ,	, , ,	(6,066,289)
Administrative expense	(160,769)				(164,445)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,949,136	(3,759,667)	, ,	12,055,170	(5,180,787)
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year	69,855,871	71,805,007	68,045,340	73,178,036	85,233,206
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	<u>\$71,805,007</u>	\$ 68,045,340	\$ 73,178,036	\$ 85,233,206	\$ 80,052,419
Total net pension liability	\$ 16,971,066	\$ 30,129,653	\$ 28,040,620	\$ 21,745,239	\$ 30,181,117
Total net pension hability	φ 10,57 1,000	ψ 30,123,033	Ψ 20,040,020	Ψ 21,740,200	ψ 30,101,117
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81%	69%	72%	80%	73%
O	0.44.074.407	# 44 505 400	4. 40.400.400	. 44 544 600	Ф. 44.000.004
Covered employee payroll	\$ 11,071,127	\$ 11,535,426	\$ 12,103,488	\$ 11,544,999	\$ 11,230,904
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	65%	38%	43%	53%	37%

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 1,285,986	\$ 1,533,911	\$ 1,528,835	\$ 1,976,799	\$ 1,832,196
determined contribution	 1,285,986	1,533,911	 1,528,835	6,976,799	2,832,196
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (5,000,000)	\$ (1,000,000)
Covered employee payroll	\$ 11,071,127	\$ 11,535,426	\$ 12,103,488	\$ 11,544,999	\$ 11,230,904
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	11.6%	13.3%	12.6%	60.4%	25.2%

Notes to schedule

Actuarial cost method Entry Age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 25 years

Asset valuation method 5 year smoothed (10 year smoothed in 2014)

Inflation 2.5% (3.5% 2014)

Salary increases 3.75% TO 14.5% (4.5% IN 2014)

Investment rate of return 7.75% (8.25% 2014)

Retirement age Varies depending on plan adoption

Mortality RP-2014 mortality tables of a 50% Male and 50% Female blend (50% female/ 50% male 1994 groupannuity mortality table 2014)

DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYERS NET OPEB LIABILTY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2017		2018		2019
Total OPEB liability	2017		2016		2019
Service cost	\$ 52,122	\$	49,554	\$	49,554
Interest	456,376		456,247		542,204
Changes in benefit terms	-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience	79,952		1,015,790		154,290
Changes in assumptions	-		292,450		-
Benefit payments including employee refunds Other	(535,595 -)	(639,638)		(779,102) -
Net change in total OPEB liability	52,855	_	1,174,403		(33,054)
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	6,300,692		6,353,547		7,527,950
Total OPEB liability, end of year	\$ 6,353,547	_	7,527,950	\$	7,494,896
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions-employer	\$ 500,000		-	\$	-
Contributions/benefit payments made from general operating funds	535,595		639,638		779,102
Net investment income	198,865		151,458		62,008
Benefit payments including employee refunds Administrative expense	(535,595 (4,014	,	(639,638) (4,916)		(779,102) (4,396)
Other	(4,014)	(4,910)		(4,390)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	694,851	_	146,542		57,612
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year			1,948,270		2,094,812
	1,253,419			Φ.	
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	<u>\$ 1,948,270</u>	<u>\$</u>	2,094,812	\$	2,152,424
Employer net OPEB liability	\$ 4,405,277	\$	5,433,138	\$	5,342,472
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	31%	, D	28%		29%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 11,180,895	\$	5,713,567	\$	5,833,306
Employer's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	39%	, D	95%		92%

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

	2017	2018	2019
Annual money-weighted rate of return			
net of investment expense	12.2%	7.7%	2.9%

DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2017	2018	2019
Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	859,095	\$ 646,318	\$ 848,167
determined contribution	1	1,035,595	639,638	779,102
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(176,500)	\$ 6,680	\$ 69,065
Covered employee payroll	\$11	1,180,895	\$ 5,713,567	\$ 5,833,306
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		9%	11%	13%

Notes to schedule

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Amortization method Level percent, closed Remaining amortization period 7 years Asset valuation method Market value Inflation 2.99% Healthcare cost trend rates 8.00% Salary increases 2.00% Investment rate of return 4.51%

Retirement age Varies depending on plan adoption Mortality RP-2000 tables with Scale AA

State of Michigan PA 202 information

Actuarially recommended contributions in accordance with State PA 202 \$ 906,928

Minimum required contribution under PA 202 779,102

Actual contribution 779,102

Contribution for employees hired after June 30, 2018 n/a

State of Michigan PA 202 assumptions, if different from GASB:

Mortality - PRH 2014 at 2006 with improvement scale MP-2018

Expected asset return - 7.0% Expected salary increase - 3.5% Effective discount rate - 7.0%

Medical trend - Pre-medicare: 8.5% graded down to 4.25% by .25% per year, Post-medicare 7.0% graded to 4.5% by .25% per year

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Basis of Accounting

Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Pension and OPEB data

The data presented on the schedule of changes in employers net pension liability schedule is based on a December 31 measurement date.

The data presented on the schedule of changes in employers net OPEB liability schedule is based on a June 30 measurement date.

The pension and OPEB schedules are being accumulated prospectively until 10 years of information is presented.

(This page left intentionally blank)

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

(This page left intentionally blank)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2019

							;	Special Reve	enu	e				
		Major Streets		Local Streets		Housing		2014 Capital Improvement <u>Bonds</u>		2008 UTGO Bonds	In	2015 frastructure <u>Bonds</u>	Lighthouse <u>Maintenance</u>	
Assets Cash and pooled investments	\$	446.792	\$	106.590	\$	20.459	\$	72.697	¢	801,789	Φ	1.110.726	\$	
Accounts receivable	φ	13,101	Ψ	100,590	φ	39,943	φ	12,091	Ψ	416	φ	1,110,720	φ	261
Due from other governments		198,517		53,859		93,962		-		-		163,910		-
Special assessments receivable		11,158		421		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		- 0.500		4.070		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items	_	2,590	_	1,070	_	89	_		_		_			
Total assets	\$	672,158	\$	161,940	\$	154,453	\$	72,697	\$	802,205	\$	1,274,636	\$	261
Liabilities, deferred inflows and														
fund balances														
Liabilities														
Accounts payable	\$	101,195	\$		\$	11,342	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		12,556		8,077		404.005		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds	_	2,825	_	3,729		134,805	_	500	_		_	241,649		
Total liabilities		116,576	_	355,596		146,147	_	500				241,649		
Deferred inflows of resources														
Unavailable revenue		25,435	_			<u> </u>	_		_	416	_			
Fund balances (deficit)														
Non-spendable														
Prepaid items		2,590		1,070		89		-		-		-		-
Permanent fund corpus		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted Streets		COZ CCZ												
Streets Public works		527,557		-		- 8,217		- 72,197		801,789		1,032,987		-
Debt service funds		-				0,217		12,191		001,709		1,032,907		
Committed														
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)	_		_	(194,726)			_	<u>-</u>	_		_			261
Total fund balances	_	530,147	_	(193,656)	_	8,306	_	72,197	_	801,789		1,032,987		261
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and														
fund balances	\$	672,158	\$	161,940	\$	154,453	\$	72,697	\$	802,205	\$	1,274,636	\$	261

	Debt Service				Capital Projec	Permanent	:	
2014 Capital Improvement Bonds	2015 Infrastructure <u>Bonds</u>	Brownfield Debt <u>Support</u>	2008 UTGO Bonds	Public Improvement	Fire <u>Truck</u>	2015 Infrastructure <u>Bonds</u>	Cemetery Perpetual <u>Care</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,599,084	\$ -	\$ 2,936,455 383,146	\$ 684,904	\$ -	\$ 1,959,959 290	\$ 9,739,455 437,157
-	-	_	· -	114,376	-	-	290	624,624
-	_			114,570	_	_	_	11,579
500	_			381,520	_	241,649	_	623,669
			<u> </u>	18,715				22,464
\$ 500	\$	\$ 1,599,084	\$ -	\$ 3,834,212	\$ 684,904	\$ 241,649	\$1,960,249	\$ 11,458,948
\$ 500 -	\$ -	\$ -	· \$ - · -	\$ 436,294 -	\$ -	\$ 7,956 -	\$ 500	\$ 901,577 20,633 383,508
				· 		-		
500			·	436,294		7,956	500	1,305,718
			<u> </u>	65,040				90,891
-	-	-		18,715	-	-		22,464
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,959,749	1,959,749
_	_	-		-	_	-	_	527,557
-	-	-		-	-	-	-	1,915,190
-	-	1,599,084	-	-	-	-	-	1,599,084
_	_	-		3,314,163	684,904	233,693	_	4,232,760
			<u> </u>					(194,465)
		1,599,084	<u> </u>	3,332,878	684,904	233,693	1,959,749	10,062,339
\$ 500	\$ -	\$ 1,599,084	\$ -	\$ 3,834,212	\$ 684,904	\$ 241,649	\$ 1,960,249	\$ 11,458,948

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Special Revenue											
Revenues	Major <u>Streets</u>	Local Streets	Housing	2014 Capital Improvement <u>Bonds</u>	2008 UTGO Bonds	2015 Infrastructure <u>Bonds</u>	Lighthouse <u>Maintenance</u>					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 72,650	\$ 682,140	\$ 519,415	\$ -					
Intergovernmental revenues	Ψ	•	Ψ	Ψ 72,000	Ψ 002,110	Ψ 010,110	•					
Federal	-	-	119,649	-	-	1,066,845	-					
State	1,135,151	335,250	35,518	-	-	-	47,435					
Local	126,778	-	50,203	-	-	-	41,494					
Special assessments	458	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Investment earnings Miscellaneous	8,638 	11,044 11,044	5,904	347	32,593	15,947 						
Total revenues	1,271,025	346,316	211,301	72,997	714,733	1,602,207	88,929					
Expenditures Current General government		_			_	_	_					
Public works	2,591,979	655,645	139,972	-	-	-	-					
Culture and recreation	_,00.,010	-	-	-	-	-	88,668					
Debt service												
Principal	-	20,934	-	-	-	-	-					
Interest	-	18,136	-	-	-	-	-					
Capital outlay		414,804										
Total expenditures	2,591,979	1,109,519	139,972				88,668					
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,320,954)	(763,203)	71,329	72,997	714,733	1,602,207	261					
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	1,846,155	451,810	16,550	240,117	- (650.207)	- (2.226.060)	-					
Transfers out	(100,000)		(79,805)	(240,917)	(650,297)	(2,326,069)						
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,746,155	451,810	(63,255)	(800)	(650,297)	(2,326,069)						
Net changes in fund balances	425,201	(311,393)	8,074	72,197	64,436	(723,862)	261					
Fund balances, beginning of year	104,946	117,737	232		737,353	1,756,849	-					
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 530,147	\$ (193,656)	\$ 8,306	\$ 72,197	\$ 801,789	\$ 1,032,987	\$ 261					

Debt Service							c	ар	ital Projec	Pe	rmanent				
2014 Cap Improven <u>Bonds</u>	nent	2015 Infrastructure <u>Bonds</u>		rownfield Debt Support	2008 UTGO <u>Bonds</u>		<u>lr</u>	Public mprovement		Fire <u>Truck</u>	2015 Infrastructur <u>Bonds</u>		Pe	emetery erpetual <u>Care</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$	-	\$ -	\$	402,301	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,676,506
	-	-		-		-		49,336 7,571		-		-		-	1,235,830 1,560,925
	-	-		-		-		1,718,984		-		-		-	1,937,459
	_	-		-		_		-		_		-		_	458
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		37,269	37,269
	-	-		41,300		-		97,970		17,959		-		32,960	247,763
-							_	34,895	_		_	<u> </u>			51,843
	<u>-</u>			443,601			-	1,908,756	_	17,959	_			70,229	6,748,053
	_	_		680,660										_	680,660
	_	_		-		_		_		_		-		-	3,387,596
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	88,668
	,678	250,000		-		515,000		-		-		-		-	942,612
84	,314	228,758		-		135,297		-		-		-		-	466,505
							-	2,514,852		-	_	(75,314)			2,854,342
240	,992	478,758		680,660	_	650,297	_	2,514,852			_	(75,314)	_		8,420,383
(240	<u>,992</u>)	(478,758)		(237,059)		(650,297)	_	(606,096)	_	17,959	_	75,314		70,229	(1,672,330)
240	,917 <u>-</u>	478,300		- -		650,297 <u>-</u>	_	415,120 (50,000)		50,000 <u>-</u>	_	1,847,769 (1,921,724)		- (16,480)	6,237,035 (5,385,292)
240	,917	478,300				650,297	_	365,120		50,000	_	(73,955)		(16,480)	851,743
	(75)	(458)		(237,059)		-		(240,976)		67,959		1,359		53,749	(820,587)
	75	458		1,836,143			_	3,573,854	_	616,945	_	232,334	_1	,906,000	10,882,926
\$		\$ -	\$	1,599,084	\$		\$	3,332,878	\$	684,904	\$	233,693	\$ 1	,959,749	\$10,062,339

MAJOR STREETS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget Amounts					Actual	Variance Positive		
		<u>Original</u>	11110	Final		Amount	(Negative)		
Revenues		<u>Original</u>		<u>a.</u>		<u> </u>	7	<u>irogutivoj</u>	
Intergovernmental revenues									
State	\$	1,993,080	\$	1,079,275	\$	1,135,151	\$	55,876	
Local		85,000	•	85,000		126,778	•	41,778	
Special assessments		500		500		458		(42)	
Investment earnings		200		3,700	_	8,638		4,938	
Total revenues		2,078,780		1,168,475		1,271,025		102,550	
Expenditures Current									
Public works		2,714,920		1,690,885		2,591,979		(901,094)	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(636,140)		(522,410)	-	(1,320,954)		(798,544)	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		763,310		565,020		1,846,155		1,281,135	
Transfers out				(100,000)		(100,000)	_		
Total other financing sources (uses)		763,310		465,020		1,746,155		1,281,135	
Net changes in fund balance		127,170		(57,390)		425,201		482,591	
Fund balance, beginning of year		104,946		104,946		104,946			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	232,116	\$	47,556	\$	530,147	\$	482,591	

LOCAL STREETS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Revenues		Budget A Original	Αm	ounts <u>Final</u>	_ Actual Amount			Variance Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental revenues								
State	\$	569,000	\$	511,000	\$	335,250	\$	(175,750)
Special assessments		2,000		1,500		, -	•	(1,500)
Investment earnings		100		50		22		(28)
Miscellaneous		500		11,600	_	11,044		(556)
Total revenues		571,600		524,150		346,316		(177,834)
Expenditures Current								
Public works		841,340		734,720		655,645		79,075
Debt service		0+1,0+0		704,720		000,040		75,075
Principal		_		_		20,934		(20,934)
Interest		57,070		39,070		18,136		20,934
Capital outlay		1,381,075		1,720,000		414,804		1,305,196
Total expenditures		2,279,485		2,493,790		1,109,519		1,384,271
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,707,885)		(1,969,640)		(763,203)		1,206,437
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		1,318,085		2,171,810		451,810		(1,720,000)
Net changes in fund balance		(389,800)		202,170		(311,393)		(513,563)
Fund balance, beginning of year		117,737		117,737		117,737		-
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	(272,063)	\$	319,907	\$	(193,656)	\$	(513,563)

HOUSING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Ві	udget A	moun	ts	Actual	Variance Positive			
	<u>Origir</u>	<u>nal</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>inal</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>(N</u>	<u>egative)</u>		
Revenues									
Intergovernmental revenues									
Federal	\$ 1	5,000	\$	15,000	\$ 119,649	\$	104,649		
State	2	9,500		158,900	35,518		(123,382)		
Local	6	3,000		52,880	50,203		(2,677)		
Investment earnings		· -		· -	27		27		
Miscellaneous	-	5,000		5,500	 5,904		404		
Total revenues	11	2,500		232,280	211,301		(20,979)		
Expenditures									
Current		0.050		450 450	100.070		40.470		
Public works	2	6,650		152,450	 139,972		12,478		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	8	5,850		79,830	71,329		(8,501)		
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in	1	6,550		16,550	16,550		-		
Transfers out	(10	2,400)		(81,445)	 (79,805)		1,640		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(8	5,850)		(64,895)	 (63,255)		1,640		
Net changes in fund balance		-		14,935	8,074		(6,861)		
Fund balance, beginning of year		232		232	 232				
Fund balance, end of year	\$	232	\$	15,167	\$ 8,306	\$	(6,861)		

2014 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT BONDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Amounts	Actual	Variance Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amount</u>	(Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 72,600	\$ 72,650	\$ 50
Investment earnings			347	347
Total revenues		72,600	72,997	397
Expenditures				
Current				
General government				
Revenues over (under) expenditures		72,600	72,997	397
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	422,050	421,455	240,117	
Transfers out	(422,050)	(422,050)	(240,917)	181,133
Total other financing sources (uses)		(595)	(800)	181,133
Net changes in fund balance	-	72,005	72,197	181,530
Fund balance, beginning of year				
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 72,005	\$ 72,197	\$ 181,530

2008 UTGO BOND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budget <i>i</i> Original	Amo	ounts <u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amount</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues	Φ	007.075	Φ	000 445	Φ	000 440	Φ	CO 005		
Taxes	\$	607,875	\$	620,115	\$	682,140	\$	62,025		
Investment earnings		1,500	_	15,000		32,593		17,593		
Total revenues		609,375		635,115		714,733		79,618		
Expenditures Current General government		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		609,375		635,115		714,733		79,618		
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out		(651,090)		(651,090)	_	(650,297)		793		
Net changes in fund balance		(41,715)		(15,975)		64,436		80,411		
Fund balance, beginning of year		737,353		737,353		737,353		<u>-</u>		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	695,638	\$	721,378	\$	801,789	\$	80,411		

2015 INFRASTRUCTURE BONDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget <u>Original</u>	Amounts <u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amount</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 475,000	\$ 516,170	\$ 519,415	\$ 3,245
Intergovernmental revenues		050 000	4 000 6 17	740.645
Federal	-	350,000	1,066,845	716,845
Investment earnings	5,000	14,000	15,947	1,947
Total revenues	480,000	880,170	1,602,207	722,037
Expenditures Current General government		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	480,000	880,170	1,602,207	722,037
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out	(1,513,675)	(2,198,900)	(2,326,069)	(127,169)
Net changes in fund balance	(1,033,675)	(1,318,730)	(723,862)	594,868
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,756,849	1,756,849	1,756,849	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 723,174	<u>\$ 438,119</u>	\$ 1,032,987	\$ 594,868

LIGHTHOUSE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Amounts	_ Actual Amount	Variance Positive	
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Original</u> <u>Final</u>		(Negative)	
Revenues Intergovernmental revenues					
State	\$ -	\$ 47,435	\$ 47,435	\$ -	
Local		40,975	41,494	519	
Total revenues		88,410	88,929	519	
Expenditures Current					
Culture and recreation		88,410	88,668	(258)	
Net changes in fund balance	-		261	261	
Fund balance, beginning of year		<u> </u>			
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ 261	<u>\$ 261</u>	

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Assets	<u>.</u>	<u>Marina</u>		Airport		Chinook Pier <u>Rental</u>		<u>Total</u>
Current assets	Φ	20.047	Φ	440.050	Φ	22.000	Φ	202 502
Cash and pooled investments	\$	39,247	\$,	\$	23,996	\$	203,502
Accounts receivable		54,600		1,876		21,457		77,933
Due from other governments		18,320		11,100		-		29,420
Prepaid items	-	33	_	1,677				1,710
Total current assets		112,200	_	154,912		45,453		312,565
Non-current assets								
Capital assets								
Land		94,000		181,762		28,300		304,062
Construction in progress		-		3,750				3,750
Depreciable capital assets, net	:	2,092,102		1,706,360		863,194		4,661,656
Doprosidate supriar associe, not		<u> </u>	_	1,700,000	_	000,101		1,001,000
Total non-current assets		2,186,102	_	1,891,872		891,494		4,969,468
Total assets	:	2,298,302	_	2,046,784		936,947		5,282,033
Deferred outflows of resources								
Pension related		62,064		_		_		62,064
Other post-employment benefits related		4,506						4,506
Total deferred outflows of resources		66,570	_					66,570
Liabilities								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable		12,014		16,247		20,919		49,180
Accrued liabilities		7,615		1,871		20,010		9,486
Due to other funds		382,418		-		29,030		411,448
Total current liabilities		402,047	_	18,118	_	49,949	_	470,114
Long-term liabilities								
Accrued compensated absences		3,713		_		_		3.713
Other post-employment benefits		30,046		_		_		30,046
Net pension liability		214,665	_		_		_	214,665
Total long-term liabilities		248,424	_					248,424
Total liabilities	_	650,471	_	18,118		49,949		718,538
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets		2,186,102		1,891,872		891,494		4,969,468
Unrestricted	•	(471,701)		136,794		(4,496)		(339,403)
Omeaniceu		(411,101)	_	130,194	_	(4,490)	_	(338,403)
Total net position	\$	1,714,401	\$	2,028,666	\$	886,998	\$	4,630,065

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	<u>Marina</u>	<u> Airport</u>	Chinook Pier <u>Rental</u>	<u>Total</u>
Operating revenue Charges for services	\$ 256,324	\$ 202,017	\$ 128,226	\$ 586,567
Operating expense Operating Administrative and general Depreciation	369,245 - 122,342	218,535 10,419 182,319	181,625 - 54,217	769,405 10,419 358,878
Total operating expense	491,587	411,273	235,842	1,138,702
Operating income (loss)	(235,263)	(209,256)	(107,616)	(552,135)
Non-operating revenue (expense) Investment earnings Other	69 1,454	248 15,810	88 106,376	405 123,640
Total non-operating revenue (expense)	1,523	16,058	106,464	124,045
Income (loss) before other items	(233,740)	(193,198)	(1,152)	(428,090)
Transfers and other items Contribution in aid of construction	17,500	394,308		411,808
Changes in net position	(216,240)	201,110	(1,152)	(16,282)
Net position, beginning of year	1,930,641	1,827,556	888,150	4,646,347
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,714,401	\$ 2,028,666	\$ 886,998	\$ 4,630,065

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		<u>Marina</u>		<u>Airport</u>		Chinook Pier <u>Rental</u>		<u>Total</u>
Cash flows from operating activities								
Receipts from customers and users	\$	242,283	\$	212,561	\$	125,222	\$	580,066
Payments to employees		(143,841)		-		-		(143,841)
Payments to suppliers		(128,874)	_	(198,694)	_	(150,364)		(477,932)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(30,432)		13,867		(25,142)		(41,707)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities								
Contribution in aid of construction		17,500		394,308		_		411,808
Acquisitions of capital assets		(14,087)		(456,903)		-		(470,990)
·								
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related								
financing activities	_	3,413		(62,595)	_		_	(59,182)
Cash flows from investing activities				0.47		00		405
Interest income	_	69		247	-	89		405
Net increase (decrease) in cash and pooled investments		(26,950)		(48,481)		(25,053)		(100,484)
Cash and pooled investments, beginning of year		66,197		188,740		49,049		303,986
Cash and pooled investments, end of year	\$	39,247	\$	140,259	\$	23,996	\$	203,502
Cash flows from operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(235,263)	\$	(209,256)	\$	(107,616)	\$	(552,135)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	Ψ	(233,203)	Ψ	(203,200)	Ψ	(107,010)	Ψ	(332, 133)
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities								
Depreciation		122,342		182,319		54,217		358,878
Miscellaneous revenue		1,454		15,810		106,376		123,640
Deferred outflows of resources for pension		(41,400)		-		-		(41,400)
Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB		1,166		_		_		1,166
Deferred inflows of resources for pension		(8,647)		-		-		(8,647)
Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB		(24)		-		-		(24)
Change in operating assets and liabilities								
which provided (used) cash								
Accounts receivable		2,252		21,644		(3,004)		20,892
Due from other governmental units		(16,293)		(11,100)		-		(27,393)
Prepaid expenses		(33)		931		-		898
Accounts payable		677		13,328		4,885		18,890
Accrued liabilities		1,902		191		- (00,000)		2,093
Due to other funds		33,455		-		(80,000)		(46,545)
Compensated absences		54 107 084		-		-		54 107.084
Net pension liability Net OPEB obligation		107,084 842		-		-		107,084 842
Not Of ED obligation	_	042	_		_	<u> </u>	_	042
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(30,432)	\$	13,867	\$	(25,142)	\$	(41,707)

(This page left intentionally blank)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Assets		Motor Pool		<u>Insurance</u>		Health Benefits		Retiree Health Care		Total
Current assets			-					<u></u>		<u> </u>
Cash and pooled investments	\$	1,175,009	\$	1,162,515	\$	846,102	\$	942,950	\$	4,126,576
Accounts receivable		-		-		705		-		705
Due from other governments		120		3,966		-		-		4,086
Due from other funds		38,782		-		497		-		39,279
Prepaid items		281		-		37,458		-		37,739
Inventory		51,595		<u> </u>	_					51,595
Total current assets		1,265,787		1,166,481		884,762		942,950		4,259,980
Non-current assets										
Capital assets										
Depreciable capital assets, net	_	2,581,246	_		_		_		_	2,581,246
Total assets	_	3,847,033		1,166,481	_	884,762		942,950		6,841,226
Deferred outflows of resources										
Pension related		140,641		-		-		-		140,641
Other post-employment benefits related		15,415			_			<u>-</u>		15,415
Total deferred outflows of resources		156,056			_	<u>-</u>			_	156,056
Liabilities										
Current liabilities										
Accounts payable		27,725		-		512		-		28,237
Accrued liabilities		4,643			_	163,004		<u>-</u>		167,647
Total current liabilities		32,368	_		_	163,516	_	<u>-</u>	_	195,884
Long-term liabilities										
Accrued compensated absences		6,918		-		-		-		6,918
Other post-employment benefits		97,210		-		-		-		97,210
Net pension liability		486,442						<u> </u>		486,442
Total long-term liabilities		590,570			_	<u>-</u>				590,570
Total liabilities		622,938	_		_	163,516	_		_	786,454
Net position										
Net investment in capital assets		2,581,246		-		_		-		2,581,246
Unrestricted		798,905	_	1,166,481	_	721,246	_	942,950		3,629,582
Total net position	\$	3,380,151	\$	1,166,481	\$	721,246	\$	942,950	\$	6,210,828

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Motor <u>Pool</u>	<u>Insurance</u>	Health <u>Benefits</u>	Retiree Health <u>Care</u>	<u>Total</u>
Operating revenue Charges for services	\$ 1,460,773	\$ 505,783	\$ 3,933,968	\$ -	\$ 5,900,524
Employer contributions	ψ 1,400,770 -	-	ψ 0,300,300 -	831,256	831,256
Total operating revenue	1,460,773	505,783	3,933,968	831,256	6,731,780
Operating expense					
Operating	791,187	421,355	3,989,879	-	5,202,421
Insurance payments	-	-	-	627,395	627,395
Administrative and general Depreciation	352,959	-	211,274	-	211,274 352,959
Deprediation	332,333				332,939
Total operating expense	1,144,146	421,355	4,201,153	627,395	6,394,049
Operating income (loss)	316,627	84,428	(267,185)	203,861	337,731
Non-operating revenue (expense)					
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(2,728)		-	-	(2,728)
Investment earnings	34,037	14,599	12,368	30,815	91,819
Other	41,582		146,551		188,133
Total non-operating revenue (expense)	72,891	14,599	158,919	30,815	277,224
Changes in net position	389,518	99,027	(108,266)	234,676	614,955
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	2,990,633	1,067,454	829,512	708,274	5,595,873
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,380,151	\$ 1,166,481	\$ 721,246	\$ 942,950	\$ 6,210,828

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Cook flows from appreting activities		Motor <u>Pool</u>	<u>lı</u>	nsurance		Health Benefits		Retiree Health Care	<u>Total</u>
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from internal services provided	\$	1,584,283	\$	501,817	\$	3,933,330	\$	846,336	\$ 6,865,766
Payments to employees Payments to suppliers Claims paid	_	(223,253) (677,621)	_	(214,488)		(256,004) (3,748,828)	_	(627,395) -	(223,253)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		683,409		287,329		(71,502)		218,941	1,118,177
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisitions of capital assets	3	(352,552)		-		-		-	(352,552)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest income	_	34,037	_	14,599	_	12,368	_	30,815	91,819
Net increase (decrease) in cash and pooled investments		364,894		301,928		(59,134)		249,756	857,444
Cash and pooled investments, beginning of year	_	810,115	_	860,587		905,236		693,194	3,269,132
Cash and pooled investments, end of year	\$	1,175,009	\$	1,162,515	\$	846,102	\$	942,950	\$ 4,126,576
Cash flows from operating activities									
Operating income (loss)	\$	316,627	\$	84,428	\$	(267,185)	\$	203,861	\$ 337,731
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)									
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation		352,959		_		_		_	352,959
Miscellaneous revenue		41,582		_		146,551		_	188,133
Deferred outflows of resources for pension		(71,500)		_		-		_	(71,500)
Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB		3,037		_		-		_	3,037
Deferred inflows of resources for pension		(28,932)		-		-		-	(28,932)
Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB		(77)		-		-		-	(77)
Change in operating assets and liabilities									
which provided (used) cash									
Accounts receivable		-		-		(141)		-	(141)
Due from other funds		81,863		-		(497)		15,080	96,446
Due from other governmental units		65		(3,966)		- (44.040)		-	(3,901)
Prepaid expenses		(211)		210,907		(44,912)		-	165,784
Inventory		(29,155)		(4.040)		400		-	(29,155)
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		(104,028) 174		(4,040)		182 94,500		-	(107,886) 94,674
Compensated absences		(7,676)		_		34,300		_	(7,676)
Net pension liability		126,488		-		-		-	126,488
Net OPEB obligation	_	2,193		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>			2,193
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	683,409	\$	287,329	\$	(71,502)	\$	218,941	\$ 1,118,177

AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Assets	yroll Tax ollection	Cı	urrent Tax <u>Fund</u>	Trust and <u>Agency</u>	Harbor Trans Multi-Modal Transportation System		
Cash and pooled investments Due from other governmental units	\$ 227,445 74,291	\$	31,163	\$ 105,530	\$	1,062,757	
Total assets	\$ 301,736	\$	31,163	\$ 105,530	\$	1,062,757	
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governmental units Trust deposits	\$ 292,602 5,168 3,966	\$	31,159 - 4 -	\$ - - - 105,530	\$	- - - 1,062,757	
Total liabilities	\$ 301,736	\$	31,163	\$ 105,530	\$	1,062,757	

S	and Haven- oring Lake Sewer Authority	Ot	Northwest tawa Water Freatment <u>Plant</u>	<u>Total</u>				
\$	1,297,173	\$	901,764	\$	3,625,832			
		-			74,291			
\$	1,297,173	\$	901,764	\$	3,700,123			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	323,761			
	-		-		5,168			
	-		-		3,970			
	1,297,173		901,764		3,367,224			
\$	1,297,173	\$	901,764	\$	3,700,123			

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Governmental Fund Type General Fund	- <u>Adjustments</u>	Statement of <u>Net Position</u>
Assets Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable	\$ 195,516 140,700	\$ - -	\$ 195,516 140,700
Total assets	\$ 336,216		336,216
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ -		
Fund balances Unassigned	336,216	(336,216)	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 336,216		
Net position Unrestricted		\$ 336,216	<u>\$ 336,216</u>
Total net position		\$ 336,216	\$ 336,216

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Revenues	(General <u>Fund</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	atement of ctivities
Intergovernmental revenues				
Local	\$	20,555	\$ -	\$ 20,555
Investment earnings		1,902	-	1,902
Miscellaneous		250		 250
Total revenues		22,707		 22,707
Expenditures/expenses Operations		30,253		 30,253
Net changes in fund balances		(7,546)	7,546	
Change in net position			(7,546)	(7,546)
Fund balances/net position, beginning of year		343,762		 343,762
Fund balances/net position, end of year	\$	336,216		\$ 336,216

MAIN STREET DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

A		General <u>Fund</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Statemer of <u>Net Position</u>	
Assets Cash and pooled investments	\$	114,766	\$ -	\$ 114,	766
Accounts receivable	Ψ	122,391	Ψ - -	122,	
Special assessments receivable		125,380	_	125,	
Capital lease receivable		1,348,493	-	1,348,	
Prepaid items	_	110			110
Total assets	\$	1,711,140		1,711,	<u>,140</u>
Deferred outflows of resources					
Pension related		-	56,421	56,	,421
Deferred charge on refunding	_	-	124,864	124,	864
Total deferred outflows of resources		<u>-</u>	181,285	181,	,285
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	102,868	_	102,	.868
Accrued liabilities	*	723	-	-	723
Accrued interest		-	42,799	42,	,799
Due to primary government		23,686	-	23,	,686
Long-term debt					
Due within one year		-	390,000	390,	
Due in more than one year		-	6,630,000 195,147	6,630,	
Net pension liability Bond premium		-	418,626	195, 418,	
	_		<u> </u>		
Total liabilities		127,277	7,676,572	7,803,	849
Deferred inflows of resources					
Unavailable revenue		1,473,993	(1,473,993)		
Fund balances					
Unassigned	_	109,870	(109,870)		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	1,711,140			
Net position (deficit)					
Unrestricted			\$ (7,566,702)	\$ (5,911,	<u>424</u>)
Reconciliation of Fund Balance on the Balance Sheet for the General Fund to Net Position on the Statement of Net Position					
Fund balance - general fund				\$ 109,	,870
Add deferred outflows of resources				181,	
Deduct accrued interest					,799)
Deduct long-term debt				(7,020,	,
Deduct net pension liability				(195,	
Deduct bond premium Add long term deferred receivables				(418,	
Add long-term deferred receivables Net position (deficit)				1,473, \$ (5,911,	
net position (deficit)				\$ (5,911,	424)

MAIN STREET DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	General <u>Fund</u>	Adjustments	Statement of <u>Activities</u>
Revenues Taxes	<u></u> ሰ	¢.	¢ 472.00E
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 473,225	\$ -	\$ 473,225
Local	105,796	_	105,796
Operating grants and contributions	22,137	_	22,137
Special assessments	87,896	(136,862)	(48,966)
Investment earnings	45,056	-	45,056
Miscellaneous	59,498		59,498
Total revenues	793,608	(136,862)	656,746
Expenditures/expenses			
Salaries	90,683	(1,080)	89,603
Administration	20,975	-	20,975
Operations	178,512	-	178,512
Debt service			
Principal	335,000	(360,000)	(25,000)
Interest	245,516	(31,636)	213,880
Total expenditures/expenses	870,686	(392,716)	477,970
Revenues over (under) expenditures/expenses	(77,078)	255,854	178,776
Other financing sources (uses)			
Issuance of bonds	4,540,000	(4,540,000)	-
Premium on bonds	418,626	(418,626)	-
Payments to escrow agent	(4,884,598)	4,884,598	
Total other financing sources (uses)	74,028	(74,028)	
Net changes in fund balances	(3,050)	3,050	
Change in net position		252,804	178,776
Fund balances/net position (deficit), beginning of year	112,920		(6,090,200)
Fund balances/net position (deficit), end of year	\$ 109,870		\$ (5,911,424)
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fun the General Fund to the Change in Net Position on the Statement of Activities	d Balances of		
Net change in fund balance - general fund			\$ (3,050)
Add principal payments on debt			360,000
Deduct increase in unavailable revenues			(136,862)
Add decrease in accrued interest			41,415
Add payment to escrow			4,884,598
Deduct bonds issued			(4,540,000)
Deduct bonds premium Deduct amortization of refunding sharges			(418,626)
Deduct increase in net person liability			(9,779) (37,750)
Deduct increase in net pension liability Add increase in deferred outflows			(37,759) 26,189
Add decrease in deferred inflows			12,650
Change in net position			
Change in her hosition			\$ 178,776

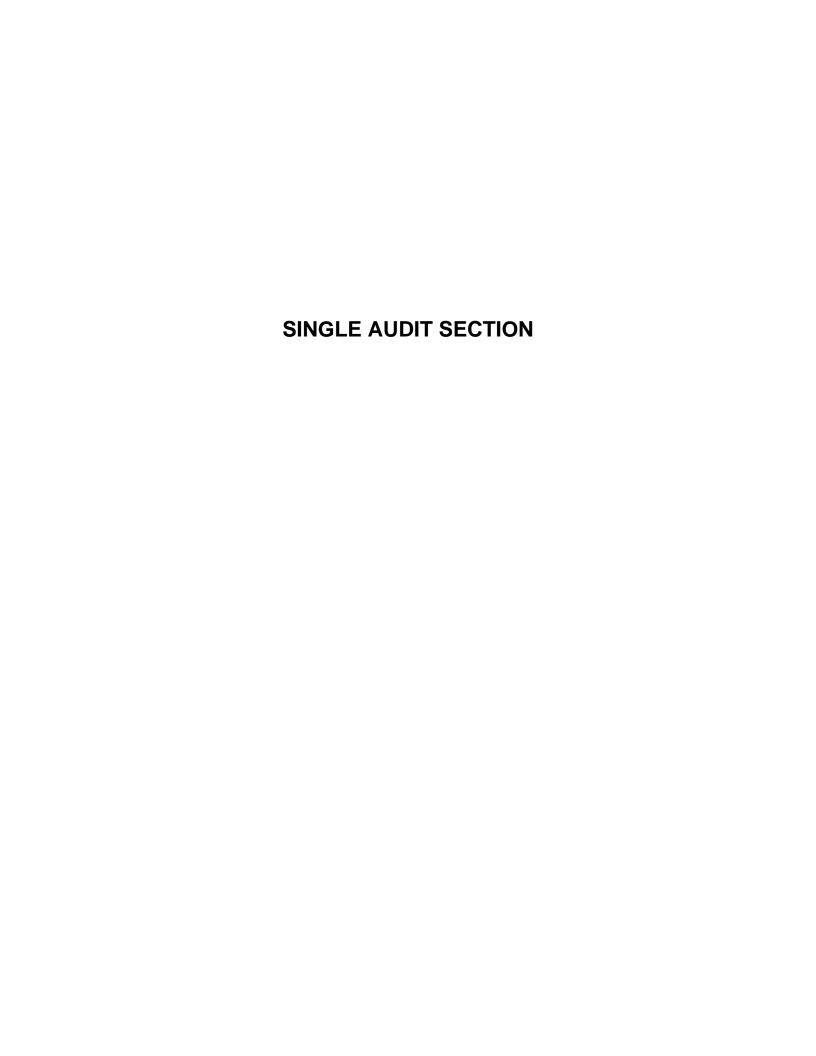
BROWNFIELD REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

A	(General <u>Fund</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>		Statement of et Position
Assets Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable Due from other governments Taxes receivable	\$	172,687 46,659 3,284 159	\$ - - - -	\$	172,687 46,659 3,284 159
Total assets	\$	222,789			222,789
Deferred outflows of resources					
Deferred charge on refunding			92,528	_	92,528
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances Liabilities					
Accounts payable Accrued interest Long-term debt	\$	2,675	\$ - 29,828		2,675 29,828
Due within one year		-	1,484,853		1,484,853
Due in more than one year Bond premium			3,426,150 180,599	_	3,426,150 180,599
Total liabilities		2,675	5,121,430		5,124,105
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue		159	(159)		
Fund balances Unassigned		219,955	(219,955)		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	222,789			
Net position (deficit) Unrestricted			\$ (4,901,475)	<u>\$</u>	(4,808,788)
Reconciliation of Fund Balance on the Balance Sheet for the General Fund to Net Position on the Statement of Net Position					
Fund balance - general fund Add deferred outflows of resources Deduct accrued interest Deduct long-term debt Deduct bond premium Add long-term deferred assessment receivables				\$	219,955 92,528 (29,828) (4,911,003) (180,599) 159
Net position (deficit)				\$	(4,808,788)

BROWNFIELD REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Revenues	Gene <u>Fun</u>		Adjustments	Statement of <u>Activities</u>
Taxes	\$ 69	5,578	\$ -	\$ 695,578
Intergovernmental revenues	ψ 09	3,370	Ψ -	ψ 095,570
State	2	8,604	-	28,604
Local	97	9,424	-	979,424
Special assessments	2	7,160	-	27,160
Investment earnings		50	-	50
Miscellaneous	1	2,229	98	12,327
Total revenues	1,74	3,045	98	1,743,143
Expenditures/expenses				
Operations	13	9,408	-	139,408
Debt Service				
Principal		0,916	(1,460,916)	
Interest	20	6,888	50,269	257,157
Bond premium amortization			(121,484)	(121,484)
Total expenditures/expenses	1,80	7,212	(1,532,131)	275,081
Net changes in fund balances	(6	4,167)	64,167	
Change in net position			1,468,062	1,468,062
Fund balances/net position (deficit), beginning of year	28	4,122		(6,276,850)
Fund balances/net position (deficit), end of year	\$ 21	9,955		\$ (4,808,788)
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Futhe General Fund to the Change in Net Position on the Statement of Activities				
Net change in fund balance - general fund Add principal payments on debt				\$ (64,167) 1,460,916
Add increase in unavailable revenues				1,460,916
Add decrease in accrued interest				11,971
Deduct amortization of refunding charges				(62,240)
Add amortization of bond premium				121,484
Change in net position				\$ 1,468,062
onange in het position				φ 1,400,002

(This page left intentionally blank)





Vredeveld Haefner LLC

CPAs and Consultants 10302 20th Avenue Grand Rapids, MI 49534 Fax (616) 828-0307 Douglas J. Vredeveld, CPA (616) 446-7474 Peter S. Haefner, CPA (616) 460-9388

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

November 11, 2019

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Grand Haven, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the City of Grand Haven, Michigan (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 11, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Uredoveld Haefner LLC



Vredeveld Haefner LLC

CPAs and Consultants 10302 20th Avenue Grand Rapids, MI 49534 Fax (616) 828-0307 Douglas J. Vredeveld, CPA (616) 446-7474 Peter S. Haefner, CPA (616) 460-9388

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

November 11, 2019

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Grand Haven, Michigan

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Grand Haven, Michigan's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor Pass-through Grantor Program Title	Grant Number	CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures		
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed through Michigan Strategic Fund					
Community Development Block Grant Community Development Block Grant	MSC 216029-ICE MSC 218014-CPF	14.228 14.228	\$ 	1,066,844 49,336	
Total passed through Michigan Strategic Fund				1,116,180	
Passed through Michigan State Housing Development Authority HOME Housing Grant HUD Housing Grant	M-2017-837 18-05	14.239 14.169		105,104 14,545	
Total passed through Michigan State Housing Development Authority				119,649	
Total Federal Financial Assistance				1,235,829	

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

- **1.** The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- **2.** Reconciliation of revenues from federal sources per governmental funds financial statements and expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Revenues from federal sources per governmental funds financial statements \$ 1,236,217

Federal revenues not included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as the City is a vendor not a subrecipient of the pass through entity

(388)

Expenditures per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

\$ 1,235,829

3. The City did not elect to use the 10% de minimis cost rate as covered in Uniform Guidance section 2 CFR 200.414 indirect costs.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS Financial Statements Type of auditors' report issued Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? yes Significant deficiency(ies) identified? none reported yes Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? X no yes **Federal Awards** Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? none reported yes Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance? X__ no ___ yes Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster 14.228 Community Development Block Grant Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and B programs: 750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? yes X no **SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS** None noted **SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS** None noted **SECTION IV - SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS**

None noted